Madison Clojure

Stream starting soon...

Leveling Up Clojure Runtime Specs

Ambrose Bonnaire-Sergeant



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Programming before Specs

1. Write the program



1. Write the program Try to break it



3.

1. Write the program Try to break it Fix the program



"Takes an argument x and returns x."

"Takes an argument x and returns x."

f(1)=>1

"Takes an argument x and returns x."

f(1) => 1



"Takes an argument x and returns x."

f(1)=>1 f("hello")=>"hello"

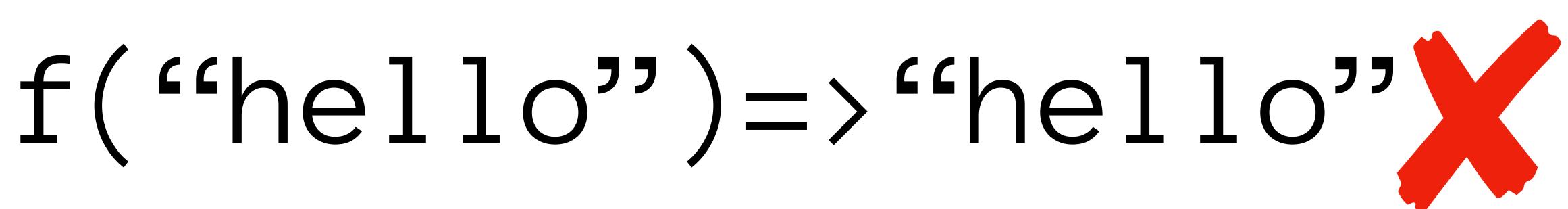
"Takes an argument x and returns x."

f(1) = > 1f("hello")=>"hello"

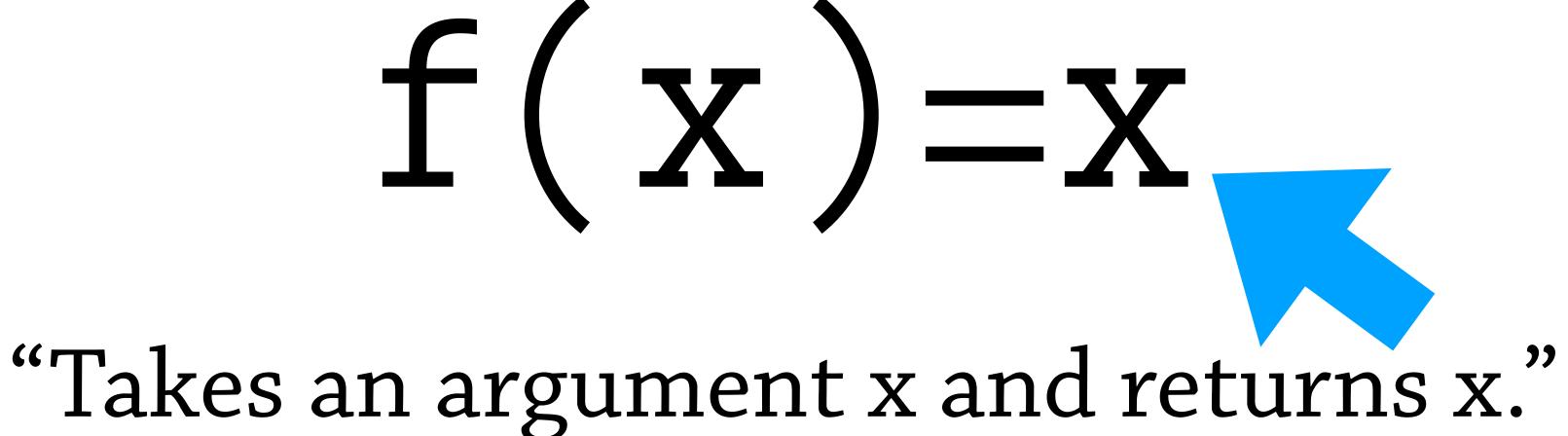


f(x) = 1"Takes an argument x and returns x."

f(1) => 1



f(1) = 1f("hello")=>"hello"



f(x) = x

"Takes an argument x and returns x."

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Programming <u>after</u> Specs

1. Write the program



1. Write the program Write a "spec"



3.

1. Write the program Write a "spec"

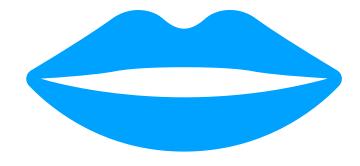


3. Δ 士。

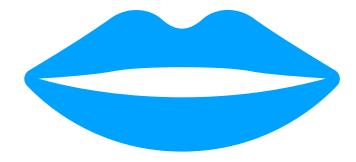
Write the program Write a "spec"

Fix the program

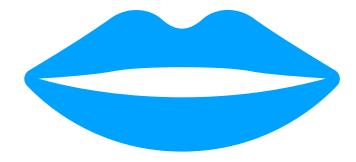




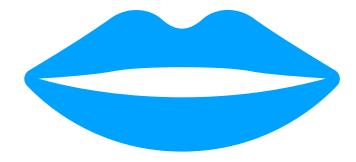






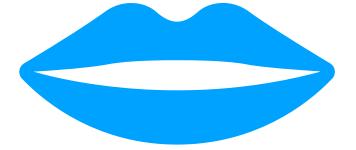


f(x) = 1



Thanks!!

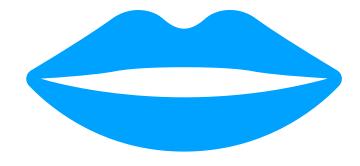
f(x) = 1



I can check your program for mistakes if you give me a spec!

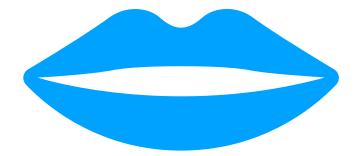
Thanks!!

f(x) = 1



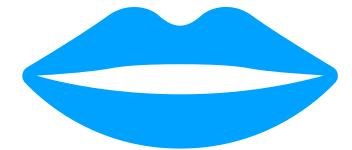
f(x) = 1

Here's a Spec explaining how it should work!



f(x) = 1

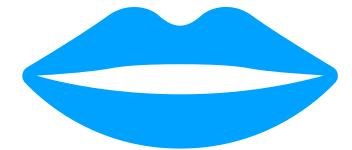
Here's a Spec explaining how it should work!



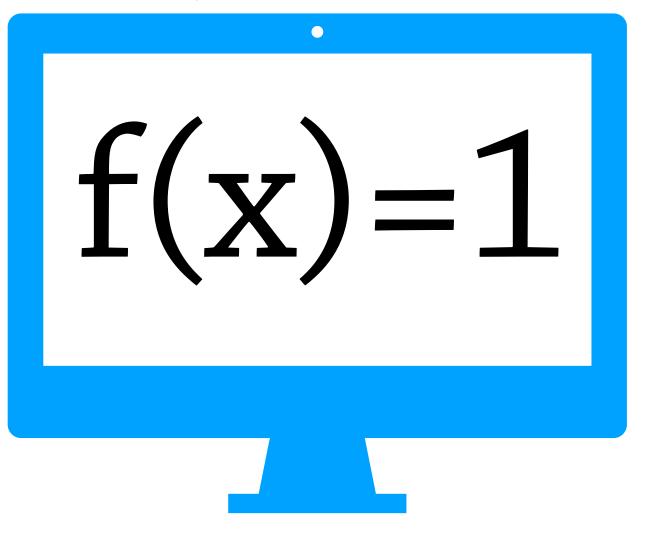
f(x) = 1

Spec

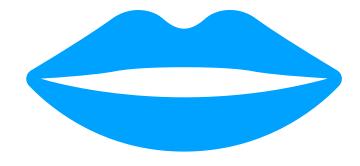
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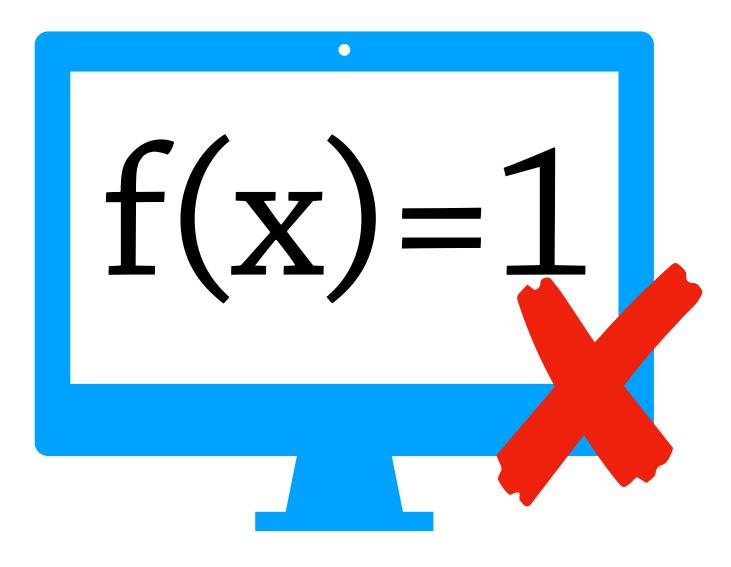


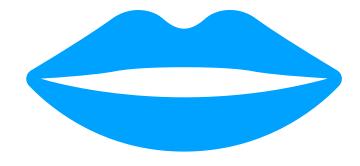
Thanks! Checking your program against the spec...



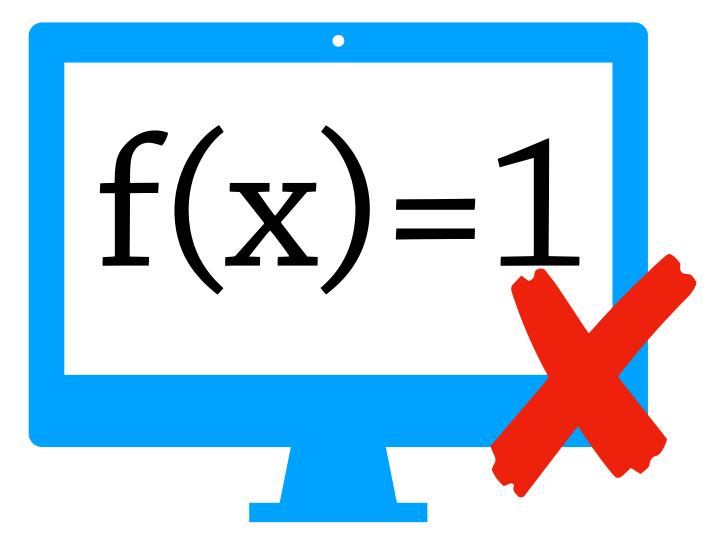




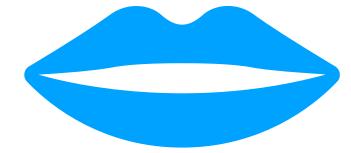




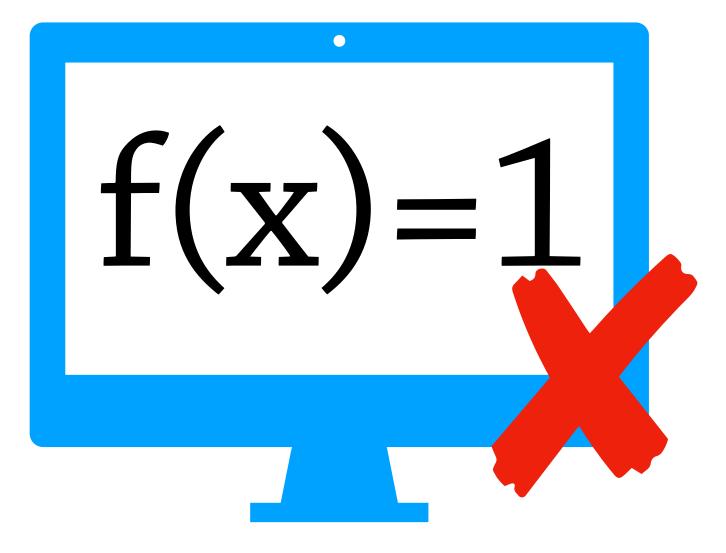
Oh, your program has a mistake! Here's where it went wrong...

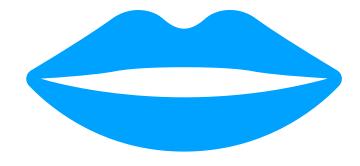


Whoops! Let me fix that...

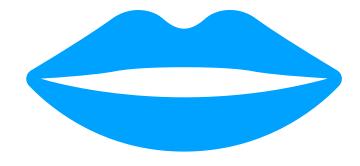


Oh, your program has a mistake! Here's where it went wrong...



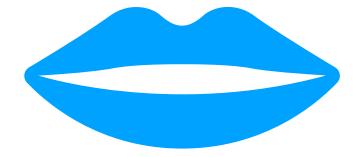


f(x) = 1



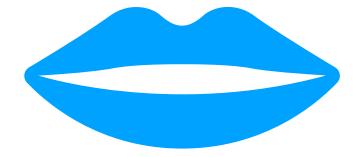
f(x) = x

There! Try again please?



• f(x) = x

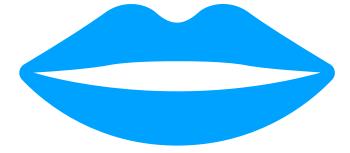
There! Try again please?

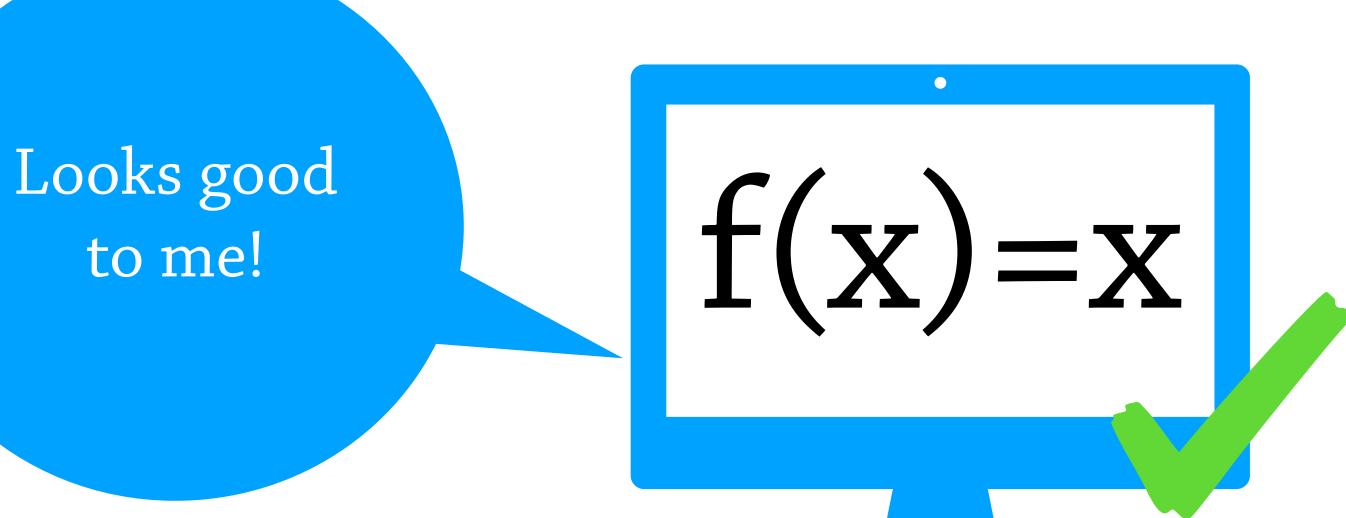


f(x) = x



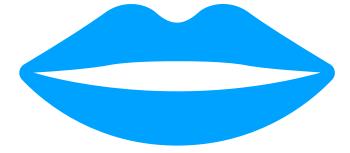
There! Try again please?



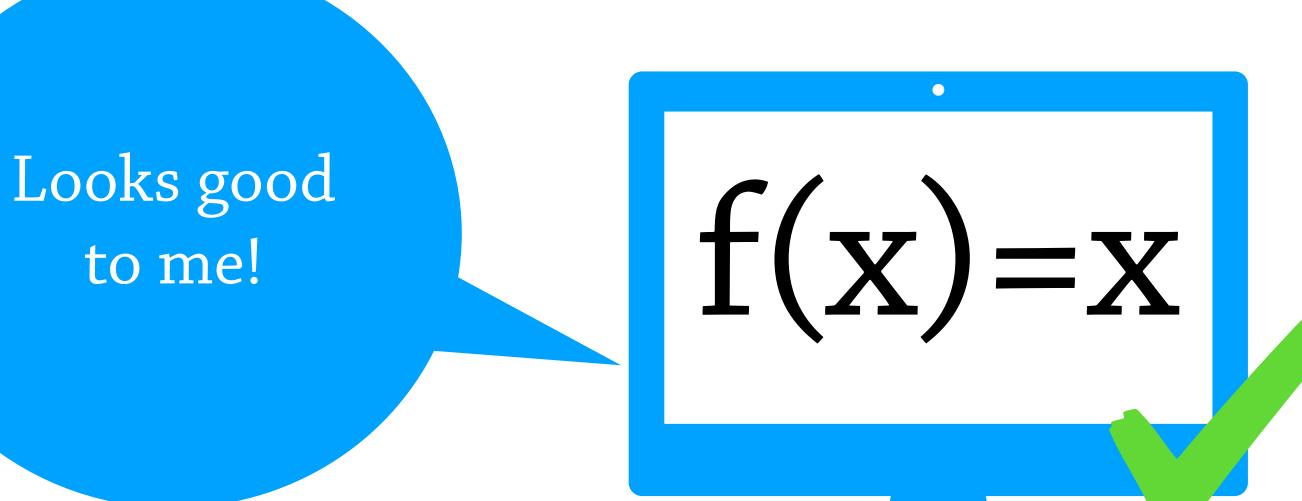




There! Try again please?



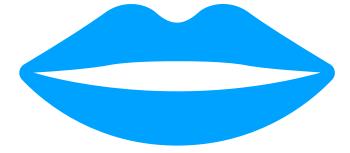


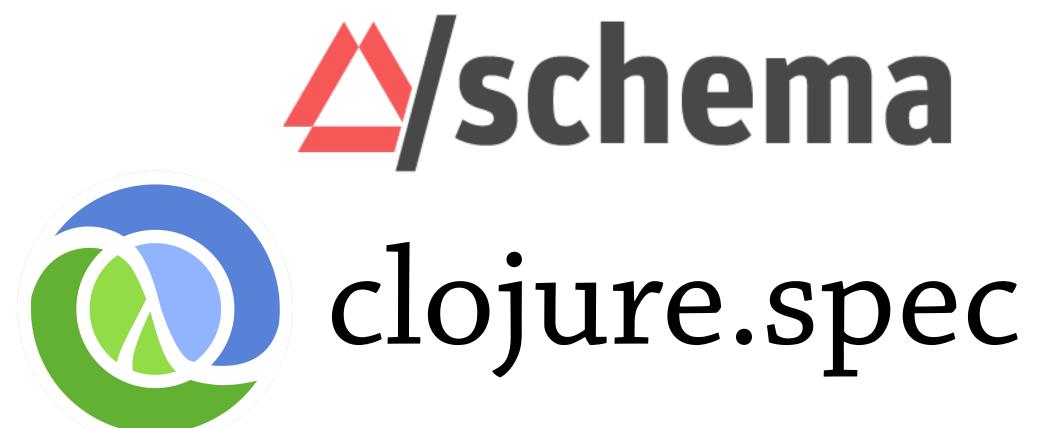


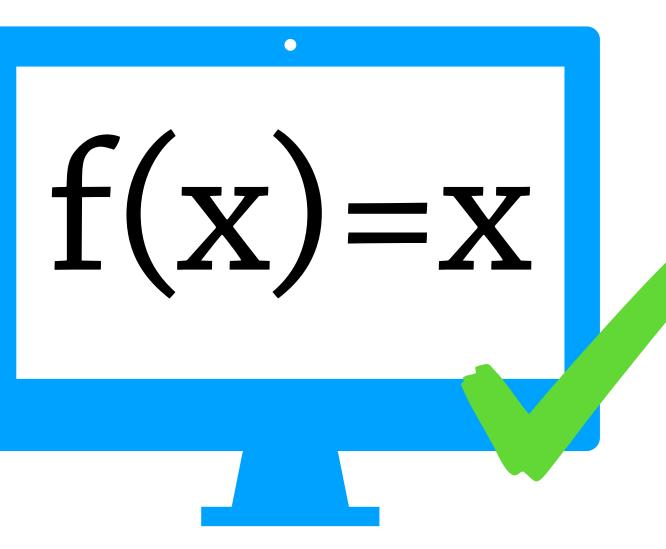


There! Try again please?

Looks good to me!



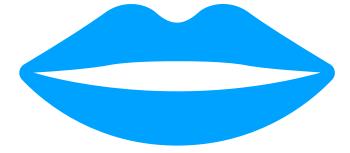






There! Try again please?

Looks good to me!



Solution Solution</p

f(x) = x



Intro to specs (via Malli)

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- :city "Madison"
- :zip 53701



- :city "Madison"
- :zip 53701





- :city "Madison"
- :zip 53701

(def Address :map [:street string?] [:city string?] [:zip int?] [:lonlat [:tuple double? double?]]])



- :city "Madison"
- :zip 53701

(def Address :map [:street string?] [:city string?] [:zip int?] [:lonlat [:tuple double? double?]])

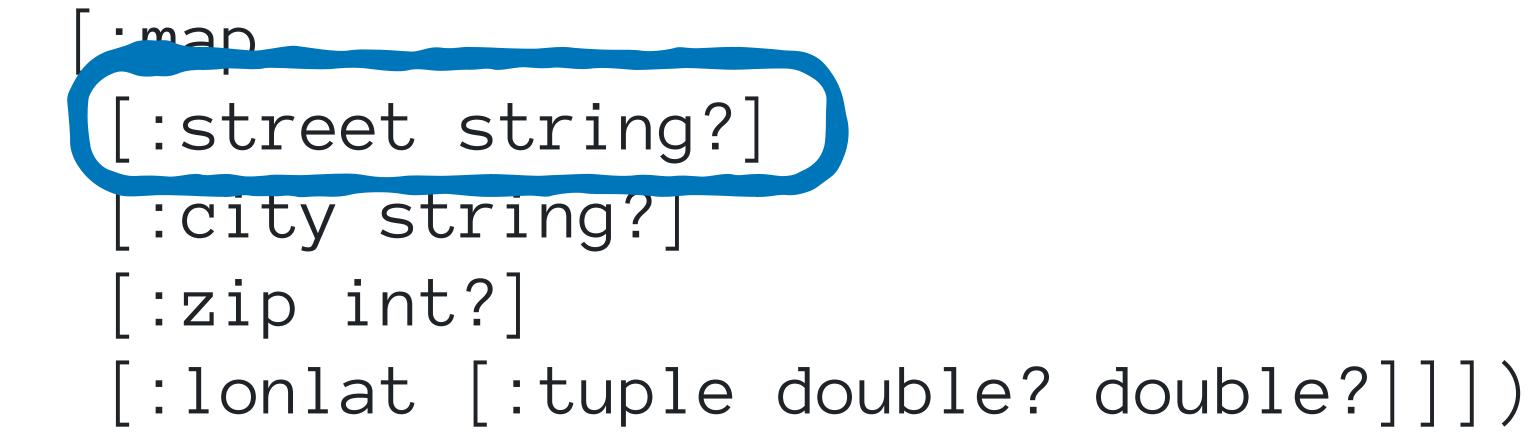
:lonlat [43.0812792448301, -89.37430643983365]} Address Spec for Addresses





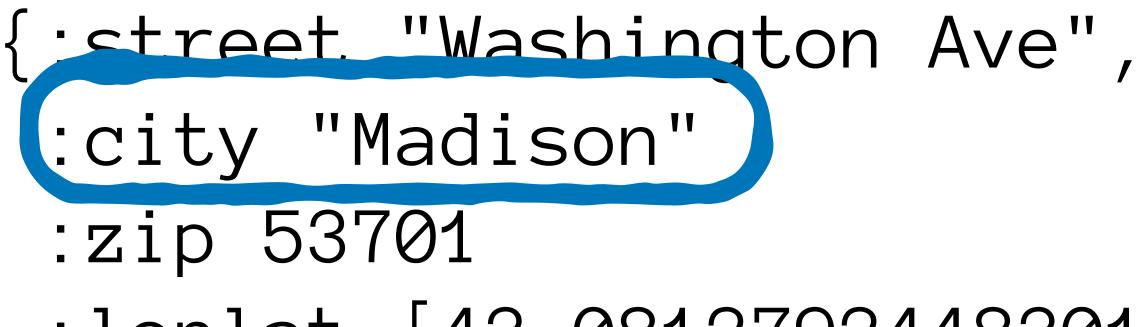
- :city "Madison"
- :zip 53701

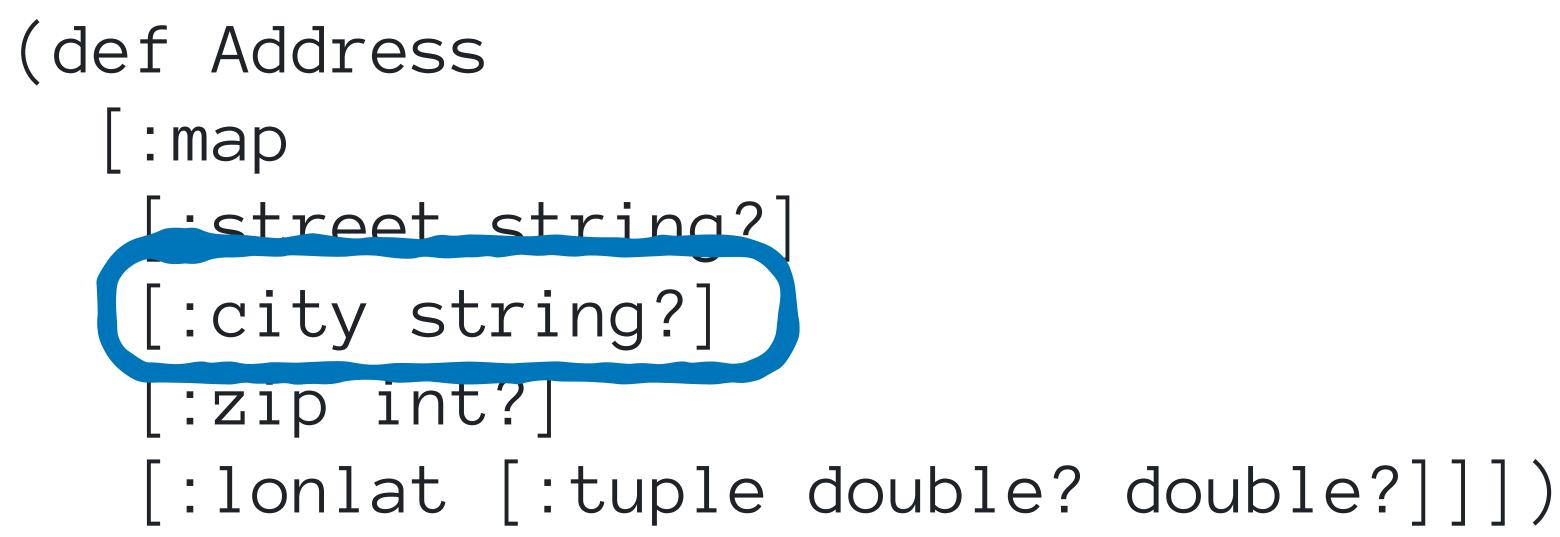




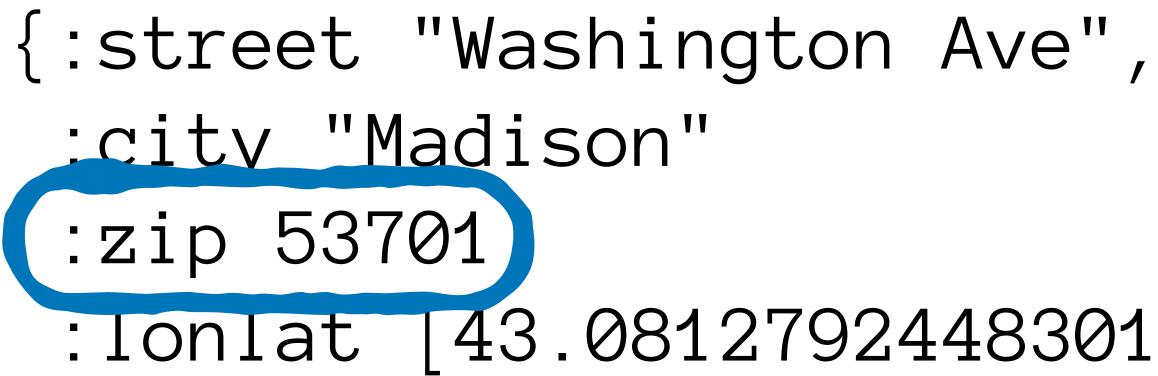


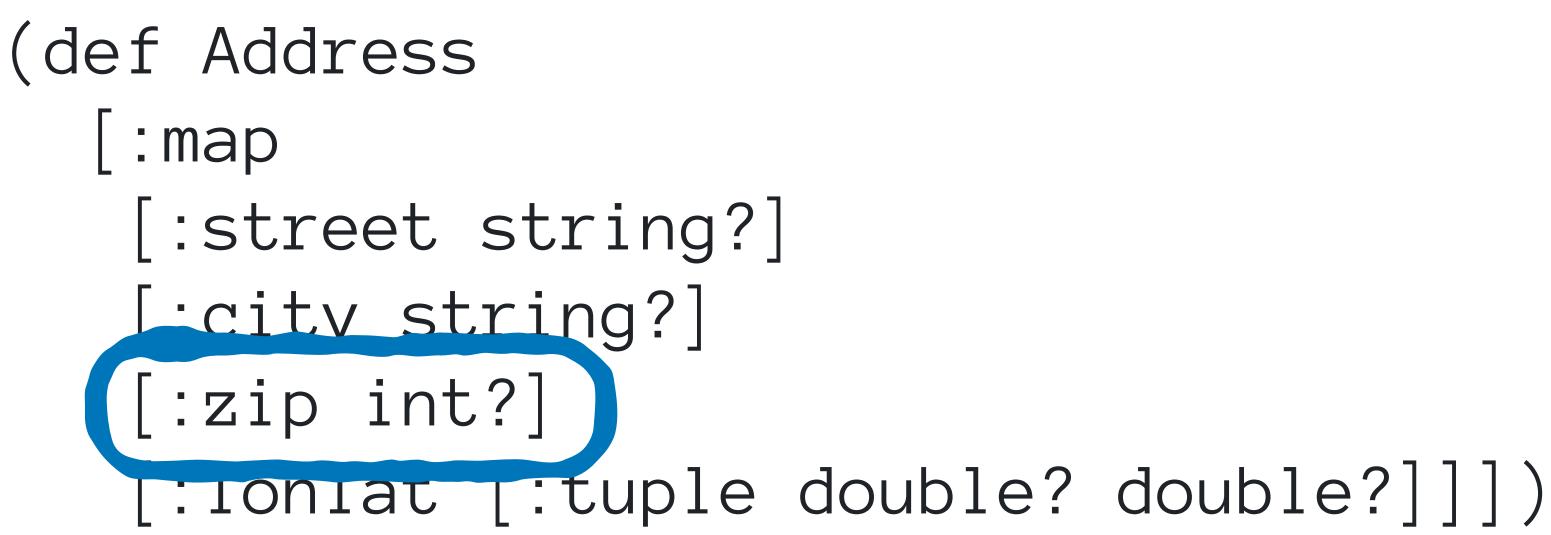




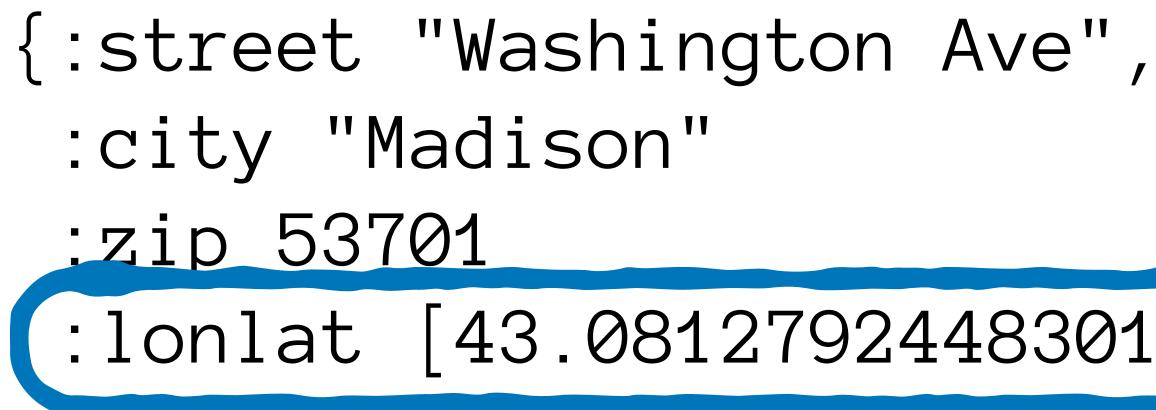
















(def Address

[:map

- [:street string?]
- [:city string?]
- [:zip int?]
- [:lonlat [:tuple double? double?]])



(def Address

[:map

[:street string?]

- [:city string?]
- [:zip int?]
- [:lonlat [:tuple double? double?]])

Validate



Validate

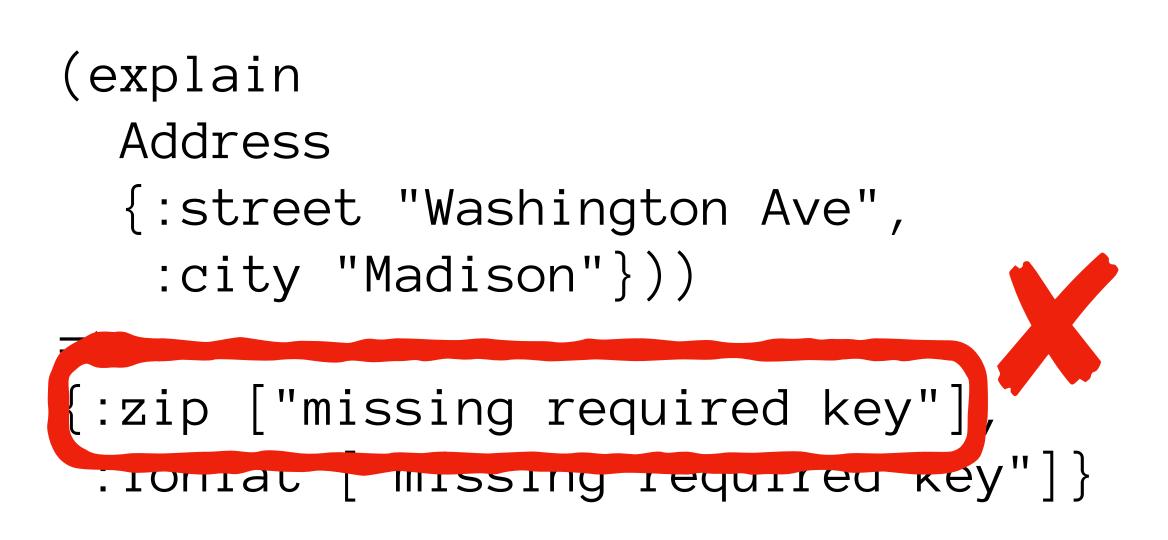


Validate

```
(explain
  Address
  {:street "Washington Ave",
   :city "Madison"}))
\equiv
{:zip ["missing required key"],
 :lonlat ["missing required key"]}
```

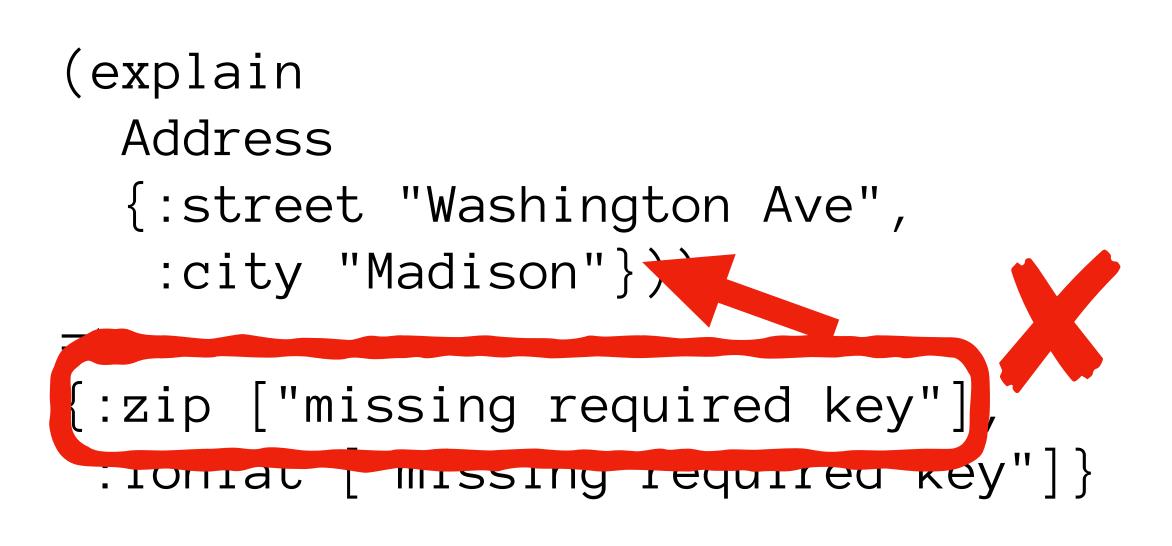


Validate





Validate





Validate

```
(explain
  Address
  {:street "Washington Ave",
   :city "Madison"}))
\equiv
{:zip ["missing required key"],
 :lonlat ["missing required key"]}
```



Validate

"Does this value conform to this spec?"

```
(explain
  Address
  {:street "Washington Ave",
   :city "Madison"}))
\equiv
{:zip ["missing required key"],
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```

Generate



Validate

"Does this value conform to this spec?"

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(explain
  Address
  {:street "Washington Ave",
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\equiv
{:zip ["missing required key"],
 :lonlat ["missing required key"]}
```

Generate

"Create an example value for this spec."



Validate

"Does this value conform to this spec?"

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(explain
  Address
  {:street "Washington Ave",
   :city "Madison"}))
{:zip ["missing required key"],
 :lonlat ["missing required key"]}
```

Generate

"Create an example value for this spec."

```
(generate Address)
\equiv
{:street "OD8916M7fZ3gGz48eNRZz86Q3100",
 :city ""
 :zip -1,
 :lonlat [96.5218505859375 -156.7041015625]
```





Validate

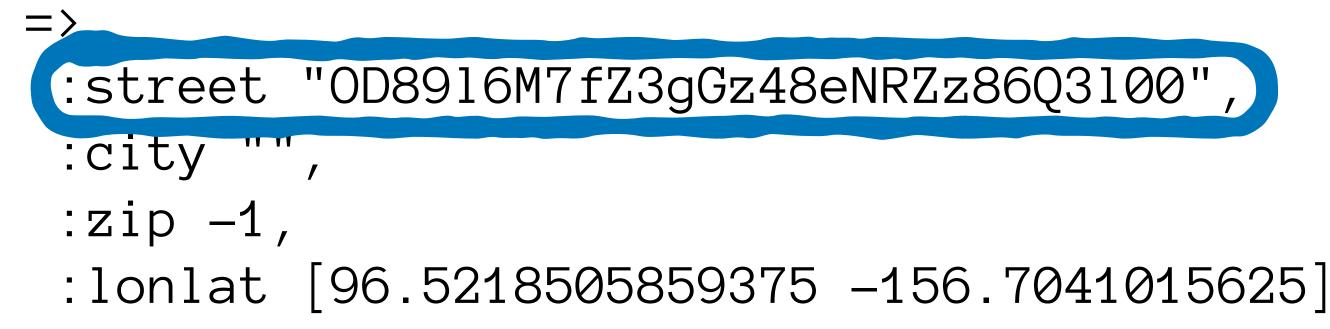
"Does this value conform to this spec?"

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(explain
  Address
  {:street "Washington Ave",
   :city "Madison"}))
{:zip ["missing required key"],
 :lonlat ["missing required key"]}
```

Generate

"Create an example value for this spec."

(generate Address)





Validate

"Does this value conform to this spec?"

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(explain
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  {:street "Washington Ave",
   :city "Madison"}))
{:zip ["missing required key"],
 :lonlat ["missing required key"]}
```

Generate

"Create an example value for this spec."

(generate Address) \equiv :street "OD8916M7fZ3gGz48eNRZz86Q3100", 11 11 :citv :zip -1, :lonlat [96.5218505859375 -156.7041015625]





Validate

"Does this value conform to this spec?"

```
(explain
  Address
  {:street "Washington Ave",
   :city "Madison"}))
{:zip ["missing required key"],
 :lonlat ["missing required key"]}
```

Generate

"Create an example value for this spec."

(generate Address) \equiv {:street "OD8916M7fZ3gGz48eNRZz86Q3100", :city :zip -1, 96.5218505859375 -156.7041015625] :lonlat





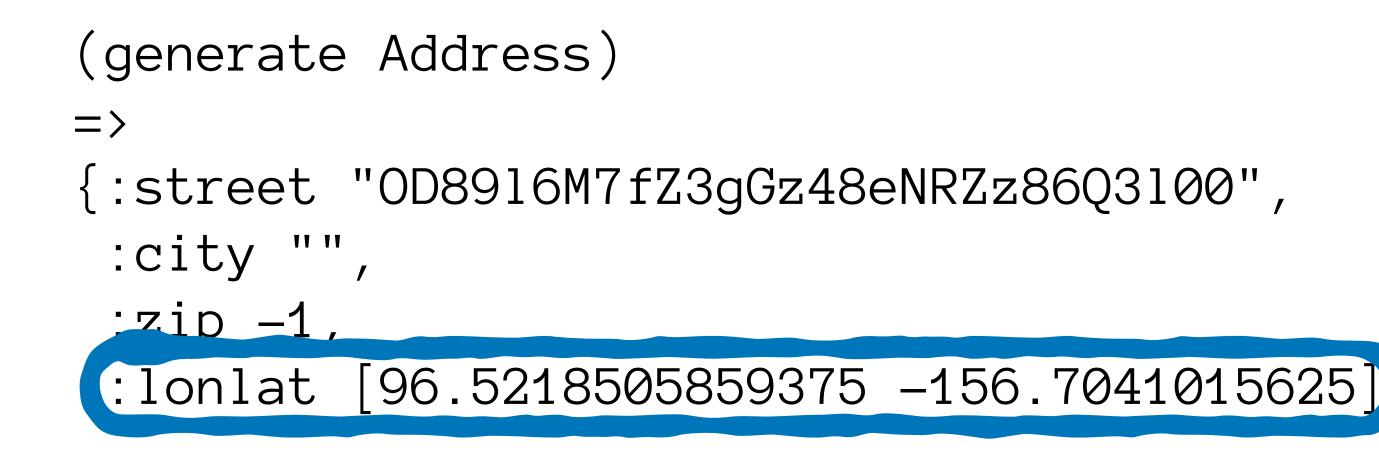
Validate

"Does this value conform to this spec?"

```
(explain
  Address
  {:street "Washington Ave",
   :city "Madison"}))
{:zip ["missing required key"],
 :lonlat ["missing required key"]}
```

Generate

"Create an example value for this spec."















Instrument

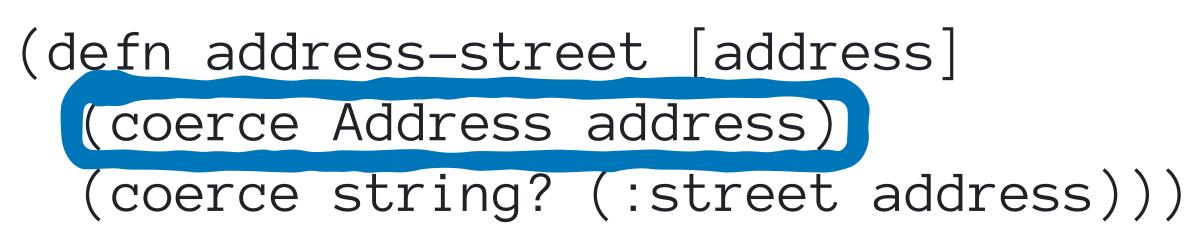


Instrument

(defn address-street [address] (coerce Address address) (coerce string? (:street address)))



Instrument





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Instrument

(defn address-street [address] (coerce Address address) (coerce string? (:street address)))

(address-street {:street 52 ...})

Exercise



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Exercise





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(address-street {:street 52 ...})

Exercise





Instrument

(defn address-street [address] (coerce Address address) (coerce string? (:street address)))

(address-street {:street 52 ...})

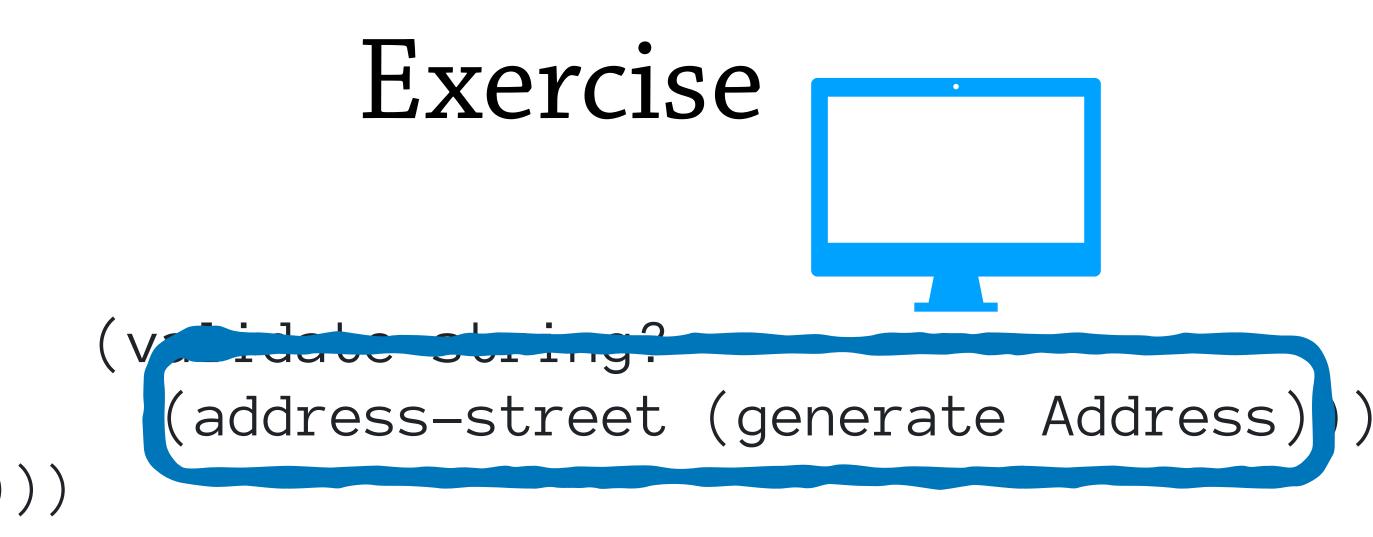
Exercise





Instrument

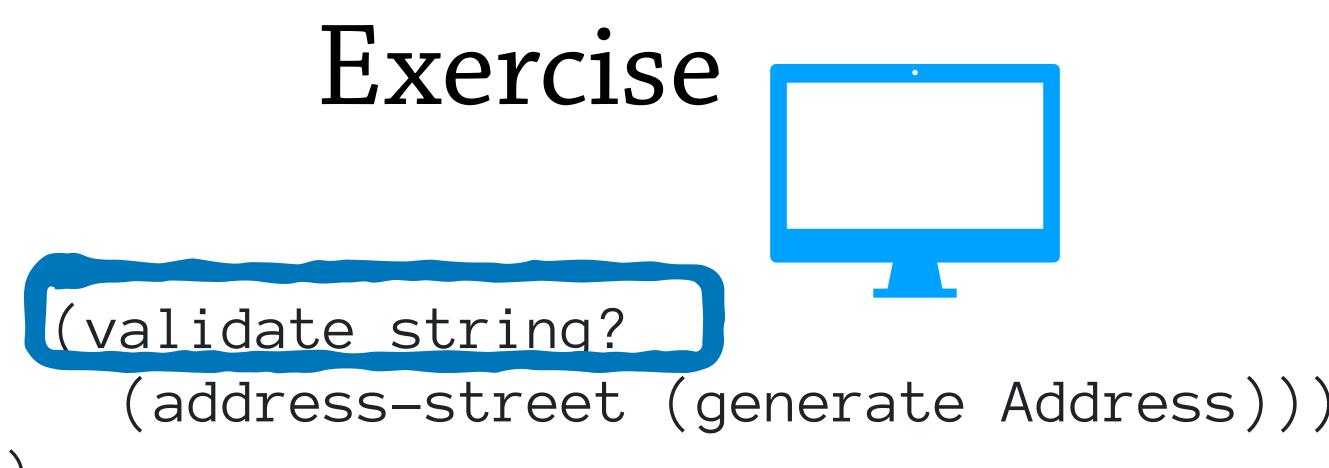
(defn address-street [address] (coerce Address address) (coerce string? (:street address)))





Instrument

(defn address-street [address] (coerce Address address) (coerce string? (:street address)))





Instrument

(defn address-street [address] (coerce Address address) (coerce string? (:street address)))

(address-street {:street 52 ...})

Exercise





Instrument

(defn address-street [address] (coerce Address address) (coerce string? (:street address)))

(address-street {:street 52 ...})

Oh! I have everything I need to test this program all by myself!

Exercise



Instrument

(defn address-street [address] (coerce Address address) (coerce string? (:street address)))

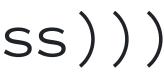
(address-street {:street 52 ...})

Oh! I have everything I need to test this program all by myself!

Exercise







Instrument

(defn address-street [address] (coerce Address address) (coerce string? (:street address)))

(address-street {:street 52 ...})

Oh! I have everything I need to test this program all by myself!

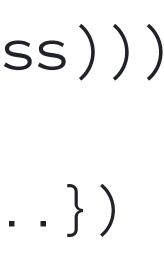
Exercise

(validate string? (address-street (generate Address)))

(address-street {:street "random" ...}) => "random"







Instrument

(defn address-street [address] (coerce Address address) (coerce string? (:street address)))

(address-street {:street 52 ...})

Oh! I have everything I need to test this program all by myself!

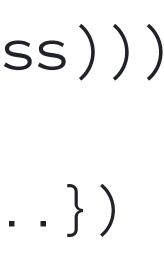
Exercise

(validate string? (address-street (generate Address)))

(address-street {:street "random" ...}) => "random"







Instrument

(defn address-street [address] (coerce Address address) (coerce string? (:street address)))

(address-street {:street 52

Oh! I have everything I need to test this program all by myself!

Exercise

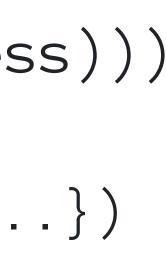
(validate string? (address-street (generat Address)))

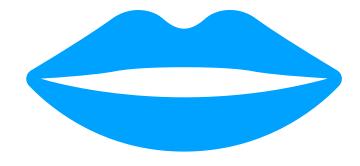
(address-street {: s+ It worked!! I can't " => "random"

wait to tell the programmer what a good job they did!

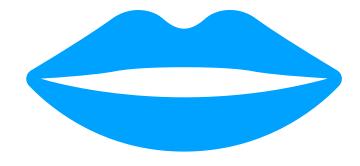












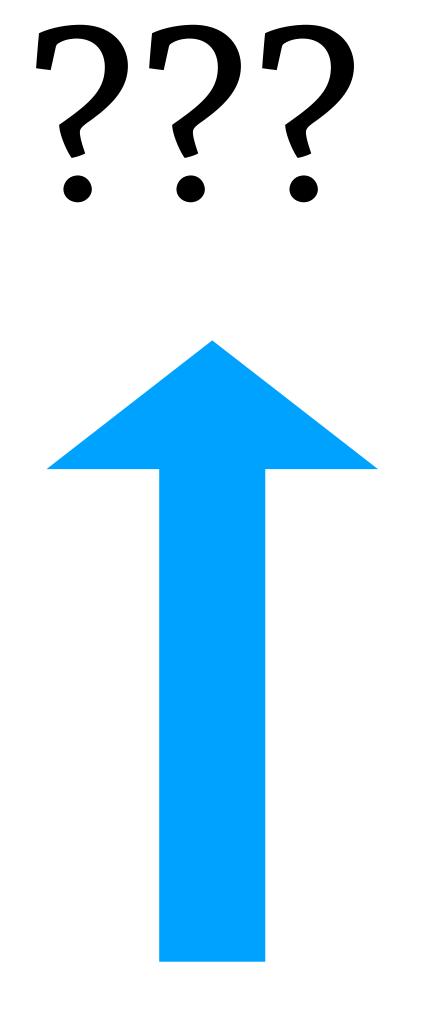
I can help you find even more mistakes if you make a really specific spec!

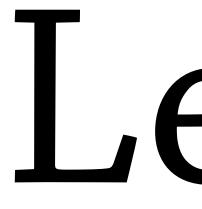


Oh! I want you to check something specific about this program, but I don't think you support it! I can help you find even more mistakes if you make a really specific spec!



Oh! I want you to check something specific about this program, but I don't think you support it! I can help you find even more mistakes if you make a really specific spec!





Spec

Leveling-Up Function

Specs

Data flow

(identity "a") => "a"

(identity "a") => "a"

(identity 1) => 1

(identity "a") => "a"

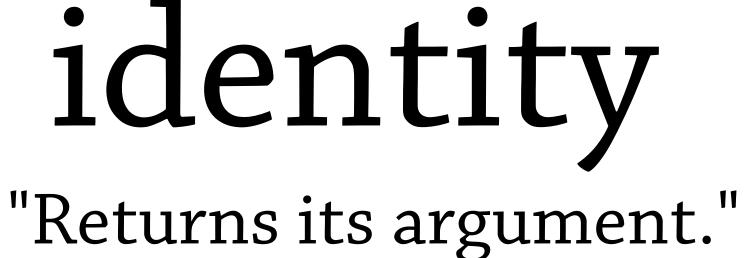
(identity 1) => 1

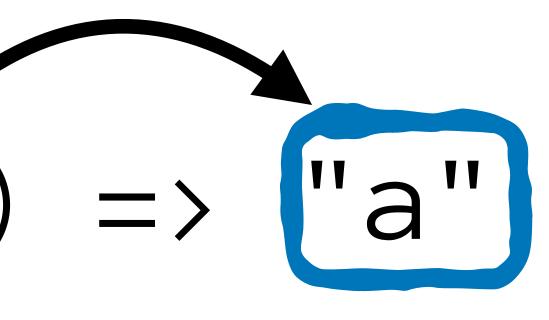
(identity "a") => "a"

(identity 1) => 1

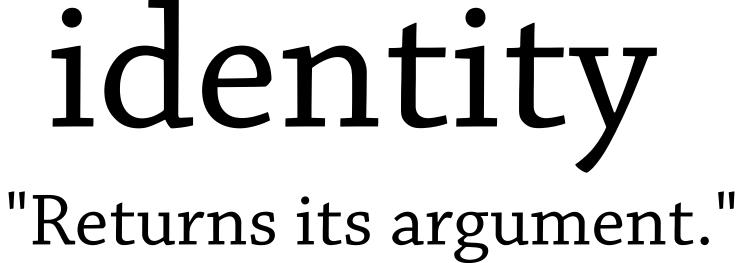
(identity "a") => "a"

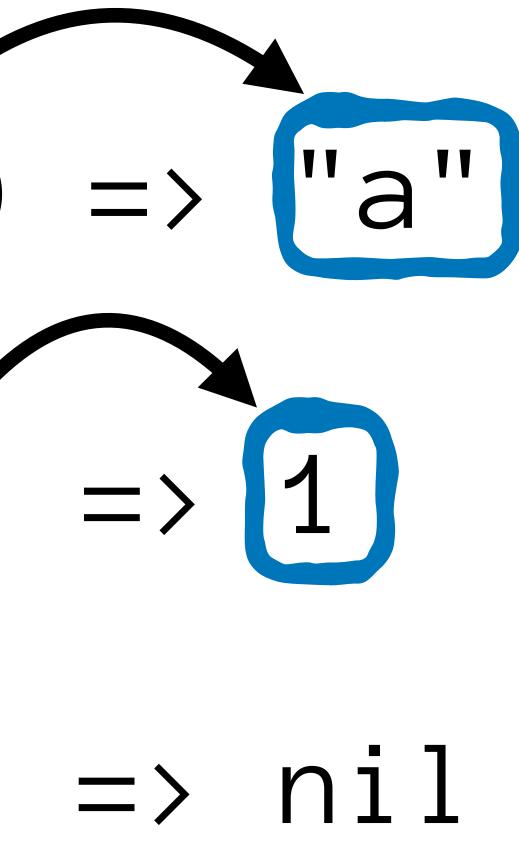
(identity 1) => 1



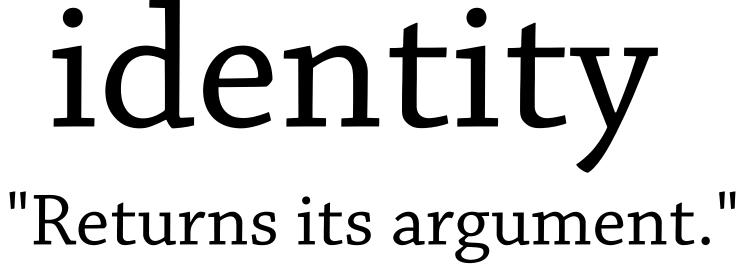


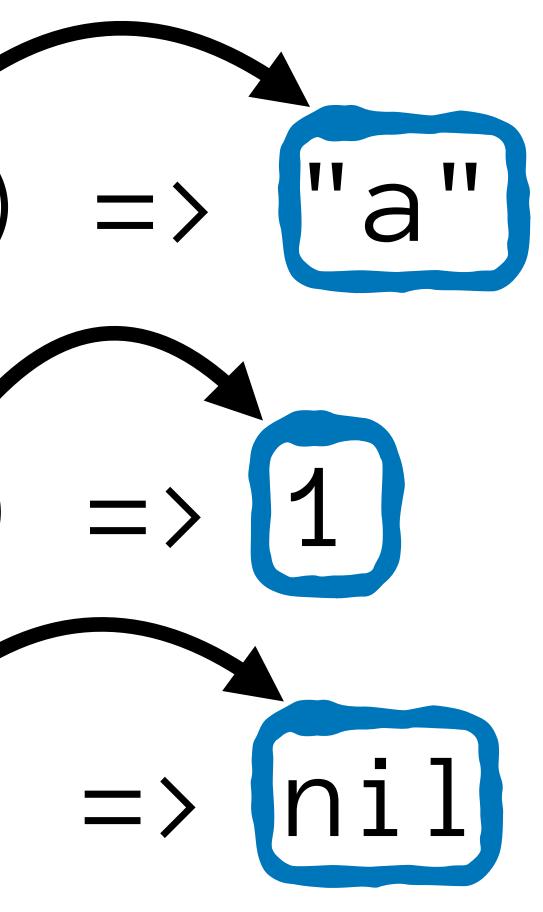
(identity "a") => "a" (identity 1) => 1





(identity "a") => "a" (identity 1) => 1(identity nil) => nil







Any -> Any





Spec

any? -> any?

identity "Returns its argument."

Any -> Any





malli

identity "Returns its argument."

Any -> Any

any? -> any?

:any -> :any



Spec

malli



Any -> Any

any? -> any?

:any -> :any

Use (Iteration)

map∨

Returns a lazy sequence consisting of the result of applying f to the set ... map Returns a vector consisting of the result of applying f to the set of first it... Returns a lazy sequence consisting of the result of applying f to 0 and t... map-indexed Returns a lazy sequence of the non-nil results of (f item). Note, this mea... keep keep-indexed Returns a lazy sequence of the non-nil results of (f index item). Note, thi... Returns the result of applying concat to the result of applying map to f a... mapcat f should be a function of 2 arguments. If val is not supplied, returns the ... reduce Returns a lazy seq of the intermediate values of the reduction (as per re... reductions reduce with a transformation of f (xf). If init is not supplied, (f) will be call... transduce Returns the x for which (k x), a number, is greatest. If there are multiple ... max-key min-key Returns the x for which (k x), a number, is least. If there are multiple suc... doall When lazy sequences are produced via functions that have side effects,... dorun When lazy sequences are produced via functions that have side effects,...

Sequences > Use (Iteration)

first	Returns the
second	Same as (fi
last	Return the
rest	Returns a p
next	Returns a s
ffirst	Same as (fi
nfirst	Same as (n
fnext	Same as (fi
nnext	Same as (n
nth	Returns the
nthnext	Returns the
nthrest	Returns the
rand-nth	Return a ra
butlast	Return a se
take	Returns a la
take-last	Returns a s
take-nth	Returns a la
take-while	Returns a la
drop	Returns a la
drop-last	Return a laz
dnon while	Doturno o la

Use (Iteration)

Returns a la	map
Returns a v	mapv
Returns a la	map-indexed
Returns a la	keep
Returns a la	keep-indexed
Returns the	mapcat
f should be	reduce
Returns a la	reductions
reduce with	transduce
Returns the	max-key
Returns the	min-key
When lazy s	doall
When lazy s	dorun

Use	(General)
-----	-----------

Sequences > Use (General)

- e first item in the collection. Calls seq on its argument. If coll i...
- first (next x))
- e last item in coll, in linear time
- possibly empty seq of the items after the first. Calls seq on it...
- seq of the items after the first. Calls seq on its argument. If th...
- first (first x))
- next (first x))
- first (next x))
- next (next x))
- e value at the index. get returns nil if index out of bounds, nth...
- e nth next of coll, (seq coll) when n is 0.
- e nth rest of coll, coll when n is 0.
- andom element of the (sequential) collection. Will have the sa...
- eq of all but the last item in coll, in linear time
- lazy sequence of the first n items in coll, or all items if there ar...
- seq of the last n items in coll. Depending on the type of coll ...
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Sequences > Use (Iteration)

lazy sequence consisting of the result of applying f to the set ... vector consisting of the result of applying f to the set of first it... lazy sequence consisting of the result of applying f to 0 and t... lazy sequence of the non-nil results of (f item). Note, this mea... lazy sequence of the non-nil results of (f index item). Note, thi... he result of applying concat to the result of applying map to f a... e a function of 2 arguments. If val is not supplied, returns the ... lazy seq of the intermediate values of the reduction (as per re... th a transformation of f (xf). If init is not supplied, (f) will be call... the x for which (k x), a number, is greatest. If there are multiple ... result of which (k x), a number, is least. If there are multiple suc... resequences are produced via functions that have side effects,...

Collections

Use (General)

Returns the	first	Sequences > Create	Create
Same as (firs	second	Returns a seq on the collection. If the collection is empty, returns nil. (se	seq
Return the la	last	Coerces coll to a (possibly empty) sequence, if it is not already one. Will	sequence
Returns a po	rest	Returns a reducible/iterable application of the transducers to the items i	eduction
Returns a se	next	Returns a lazy (infinite!, or length n if supplied) sequence of xs.	repeat
Same as (firs	ffirst	DEPRECATED: Use 'repeat' instead. Returns a lazy seq of n xs.	replicate
Same as (ne	nfirst	Returns a lazy seq of nums from start (inclusive) to end (exclusive), by s	range
Same as (firs	fnext	Takes a function of no args, presumably with side effects, and returns a	repeatedly
Same as (ne	nnext	Returns a lazy sequence of x, (f x), (f (f x)) etc. f must be free of side-effe	iterate
Returns the	nth	Takes a body of expressions that returns an ISeq or nil, and yields a Se	lazy-seq
Returns the	nthnext	Expands to code which yields a lazy sequence of the concatenation of t	lazy-cat
Returns the	nthrest	Returns a lazy (infinite!) sequence of repetitions of the items in coll.	cycle
Return a ran	rand-nth	Returns a lazy seq of the first item in each coll, then the second etc.	interleave
Return a sec	butlast	Returns a lazy seq of the elements of coll separated by sep. Returns a s	interpose
Returns a la	take	Returns a lazy sequence of the nodes in a tree, via a depth-first walk. br	tree-seq
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Returns a la	take-nth	Returns a seq on a java.util.Enumeration	enumeration-seq
Returns a la	take-while	Returns a seq on a java.util.Iterator. Note that most collections providin	iterator-seq
Returns a la	drop	A tree seq on java.io.Files	file-seq
Return a laz	drop-last	Returns the lines of text from rdr as a lazy sequence of strings. rdr must	line-seq
Returns a la	drop-while		

Use (Iteration)

Returns a la	map
Returns a v	map∨
Returns a la	map-indexed
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Sets

Create

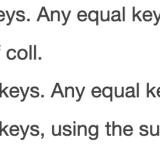
hash-set
set
sorted-set
sorted-set-by

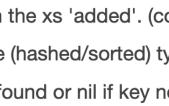
Returns a new hash set with supplied keys. Any equal key Returns a set of the distinct elements of coll. Returns a new sorted set with supplied keys. Any equal k Returns a new sorted set with supplied keys, using the su

Use

conj	conj[oin]. Returns a new collection with t
disj	disj[oin]. Returns a new set of the same (

Returns the value mapped to key, not-found or nil if key n get





Collections

Use (General)

Returns the	first	Sequences > Create	Create
Same as (firs	second	Returns a seq on the collection. If the collection is empty, returns nil. (se	seq
Return the la	last	Coerces coll to a (possibly empty) sequence, if it is not already one. Will	sequence
Returns a po	rest	Returns a reducible/iterable application of the transducers to the items i	eduction
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Same as (ne	nfirst	Returns a lazy seq of nums from start (inclusive) to end (exclusive), by s	range
Same as (firs	fnext	Takes a function of no args, presumably with side effects, and returns a	repeatedly
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Returns the	nthnext	Expands to code which yields a lazy sequence of the concatenation of t	lazy-cat
Returns the	nthrest	Returns a lazy (infinite!) sequence of repetitions of the items in coll.	cycle
Return a ran	rand-nth	Returns a lazy seq of the first item in each coll, then the second etc.	interleave
Return a sec	butlast	Returns a lazy seq of the elements of coll separated by sep. Returns a s	interpose
Returns a la	take	Returns a lazy sequence of the nodes in a tree, via a depth-first walk. br	tree-seq
Returns a se	take-last	A tree seq on the xml elements as per xml/parse	xml-seq
Returns a la	take-nth	Returns a seq on a java.util.Enumeration	enumeration-seq
Returns a la	take-while	Returns a seq on a java.util.Iterator. Note that most collections providin	iterator-seq
Returns a la	drop	A tree seq on java.io.Files	file-seq
Return a laz	drop-last	Returns the lines of text from rdr as a lazy sequence of strings. rdr must	line-seq
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Use (Iteration)

Returns a la	map
Returns a v	map∨
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Sets

Create

hash-set
set
sorted-set
sorted-set-by

Returns a new hash set with supplied keys. Any equal key Returns a set of the distinct elements of coll. Returns a new sorted set with supplied keys. Any equal k Returns a new sorted set with supplied keys, using the su

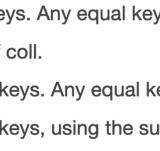
Use

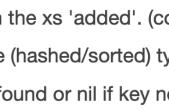
conj	conj[oin]. Returns a new collection with the xs 'added'. (co
disj	disj[oin]. Returns a new set of the same (hashed/sorted) ty
get	Returns the value mapped to key, not-found or nil if key ne

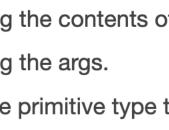
Vectors

Create

vec	Creates a new vector containing
vector	Creates a new vector containing
vector-of	Creates a new vector of a single







Collections

Use (General)

Returns the	first	Sequences > Create	Create
Same as (firs	second	Returns a seq on the collection. If the collection is empty, returns nil. (se	seq
Return the la	last	Coerces coll to a (possibly empty) sequence, if it is not already one. Will	sequence
Returns a po	rest	Returns a reducible/iterable application of the transducers to the items i	eduction
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Returns the	nth	Takes a body of expressions that returns an ISeq or nil, and yields a Se	lazy-seq
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Return a ran	rand-nth	Returns a lazy seq of the first item in each coll, then the second etc.	interleave
Return a sec	butlast	Returns a lazy seq of the elements of coll separated by sep. Returns a s	interpose
Returns a laz	take	Returns a lazy sequence of the nodes in a tree, via a depth-first walk. br	tree-seq
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Returns a laz	take-while	Returns a seq on a java.util.Iterator. Note that most collections providin	iterator-seq
Returns a laz	drop	A tree seq on java.io.Files	file-seq
Return a lazy	drop-last	Returns the lines of text from rdr as a lazy sequence of strings. rdr must	line-seq
Returns a laz	drop-while		

Use ('Modification')

Sequences > Use ('Modification')

conj	conj[oin]. Returns a new collection with the xs 'added'. (conj nil item) ret
concat	Returns a lazy seq representing the concatenation of the elements in th
distinct	Returns a lazy sequence of the elements of coll with duplicates remove
group-by	Returns a map of the elements of coll keyed by the result of f on each el
partition	Returns a lazy sequence of lists of n items each, at offsets step apart. If
partition-all	Returns a lazy sequence of lists like partition, but may include partitions
partition-by	Applies f to each value in coll, splitting it each time f returns a new valu
split-at	Returns a vector of [(take n coll) (drop n coll)]
split-with	Returns a vector of [(take-while pred coll) (drop-while pred coll)]
filter	Returns a lazy sequence of the items in coll for which (pred item) return
filterv	Returns a vector of the items in coll for which (pred item) returns logical
remove	Returns a lazy sequence of the items in coll for which (pred item) return
replace	Given a map of replacement pairs and a vector/collection, returns a vec
shuffle	Return a random permutation of coll
random-sample	Returns items from coll with random probability of prob (0.0 - 1.0). Retu
flatten	Takes any nested combination of sequential things (lists, vectors, etc.) a
sort	Returns a sorted sequence of the items in coll. If no comparator is supp
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Use (Iteration)

Return	map
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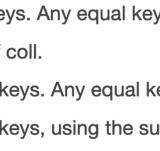
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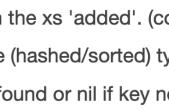
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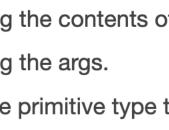
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andom element of the (sequential) collection. Will have the sa... eq of all but the last item in coll, in linear time

lazy sequence of the first n items in coll, or all items if there ar...

seq of the last n items in coll. Depending on the type of coll ... lazy seq of every nth item in coll. Returns a stateful transduce...

lazy sequence of successive items from coll while (pred item) ...

lazy sequence of all but the first n items in coll. Returns a stat...

azy sequence of all but the last n (default 1) items in coll

lazy sequence of the items in coll starting from the first item f...

Sequences > Use (Iteration)

is a lazy sequence consisting of the result of applying f to the set ... is a vector consisting of the result of applying f to the set of first it... is a lazy sequence consisting of the result of applying f to 0 and t... is a lazy sequence of the non-nil results of (fitem). Note, this mea... is a lazy sequence of the non-nil results of (f index item). Note, thi... is the result of applying concat to the result of applying map to f a... Id be a function of 2 arguments. If val is not supplied, returns the ... is a lazy seq of the intermediate values of the reduction (as per re... e with a transformation of f (xf). If init is not supplied, (f) will be call... ns the x for which (k x), a number, is greatest. If there are multiple ... ns the x for which (k x), a number, is least. If there are multiple suc... lazy sequences are produced via functions that have side effects,... lazy sequences are produced via functions that have side effects,...

Sets

Create

hash-set
set
sorted-set
sorted-set-by

Returns a new hash set with supplied keys. Any equal key Returns a set of the distinct elements of coll. Returns a new sorted set with supplied keys. Any equal k Returns a new sorted set with supplied keys, using the su

Use

conj	conj[oin]. Returns a new collection with the xs 'added'. (co
disj	disj[oin]. Returns a new set of the same (hashed/sorted) ty
get	Returns the value mapped to key, not-found or nil if key ne

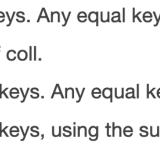
Vectors

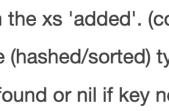
Create

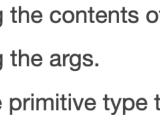
Creates a new vector containing
Creates a new vector containing
Creates a new vector of a single

Lists

Create









Collections

Use (General)

Returns the	first	Sequences > Create	Create
Same as (firs	second	Returns a seq on the collection. If the collection is empty, returns nil. (se	seq
Return the la	last	Coerces coll to a (possibly empty) sequence, if it is not already one. Will	sequence
Returns a po	rest	Returns a reducible/iterable application of the transducers to the items i	eduction
Returns a se	next	Returns a lazy (infinite!, or length n if supplied) sequence of xs.	repeat
Same as (firs	ffirst	DEPRECATED: Use 'repeat' instead. Returns a lazy seq of n xs.	replicate
Same as (ne	nfirst	Returns a lazy seq of nums from start (inclusive) to end (exclusive), by s	range
Same as (firs	fnext	Takes a function of no args, presumably with side effects, and returns a	repeatedly
Same as (ne	nnext	Returns a lazy sequence of x, (f x), (f (f x)) etc. f must be free of side-effe	iterate
Returns the	nth	Takes a body of expressions that returns an ISeq or nil, and yields a Se	lazy-seq
Returns the	nthnext	Expands to code which yields a lazy sequence of the concatenation of t	lazy-cat
Returns the	nthrest	Returns a lazy (infinite!) sequence of repetitions of the items in coll.	cycle
Return a ran	rand-nth	Returns a lazy seq of the first item in each coll, then the second etc.	interleave
Return a sec	butlast	Returns a lazy seq of the elements of coll separated by sep. Returns a s	interpose
Returns a laz	take	Returns a lazy sequence of the nodes in a tree, via a depth-first walk. br	tree-seq
Returns a se	take-last	A tree seq on the xml elements as per xml/parse	xml-seq
Returns a laz	take-nth	Returns a seq on a java.util.Enumeration	enumeration-seq
Returns a laz	take-while	Returns a seq on a java.util.Iterator. Note that most collections providin	iterator-seq
Returns a laz	drop	A tree seq on java.io.Files	file-seq
Return a lazy	drop-last	Returns the lines of text from rdr as a lazy sequence of strings. rdr must	line-seq
Returns a laz	drop-while		

Use ('Modification')

Sequences > Use ('Modification')

conj	conj[oin]. Returns a new collection with the xs 'added'. (conj nil item) ret
concat	Returns a lazy seq representing the concatenation of the elements in th
distinct	Returns a lazy sequence of the elements of coll with duplicates remove
group-by	Returns a map of the elements of coll keyed by the result of f on each el
partition	Returns a lazy sequence of lists of n items each, at offsets step apart. If
partition-all	Returns a lazy sequence of lists like partition, but may include partitions
partition-by	Applies f to each value in coll, splitting it each time f returns a new valu
split-at	Returns a vector of [(take n coll) (drop n coll)]
split-with	Returns a vector of [(take-while pred coll) (drop-while pred coll)]
filter	Returns a lazy sequence of the items in coll for which (pred item) return
filterv	Returns a vector of the items in coll for which (pred item) returns logical
remove	Returns a lazy sequence of the items in coll for which (pred item) return
replace	Given a map of replacement pairs and a vector/collection, returns a vec
shuffle	Return a random permutation of coll
random-sample	Returns items from coll with random probability of prob (0.0 - 1.0). Retu
flatten	Takes any nested combination of sequential things (lists, vectors, etc.) a
sort	Returns a sorted sequence of the items in coll. If no comparator is supp
sort-by	Returns a sorted sequence of the items in coll, where the sort order is d
reverse	Returns a seq of the items in coll in reverse order. Not lazy.
dedupe	Returns a lazy sequence removing consecutive duplicates in coll. Retur

Use (Iteration)

Return	map
Return	mapv
Return	map-indexed
Return	keep
Return	keep-indexed
Return	mapcat
f shoul	reduce
Return	reductions
reduce	transduce
Return	max-key
Return	min-key
When I	doall
When I	dorun

Sequences > Use (General)

- e first item in the collection. Calls seq on its argument. If coll i... irst (next x))
- last item in coll, in linear time
- possibly empty seq of the items after the first. Calls seq on it...
- seq of the items after the first. Calls seq on its argument. If th...
- irst (first x))
- next (first x))
- first (next x))
- next (next x))
- e value at the index. get returns nil if index out of bounds, nth...
- e nth next of coll, (seq coll) when n is 0.
- e nth rest of coll, coll when n is 0.
- andom element of the (sequential) collection. Will have the sa...
- eq of all but the last item in coll, in linear time
- lazy sequence of the first n items in coll, or all items if there ar...
- seq of the last n items in coll. Depending on the type of coll ...
- lazy seq of every nth item in coll. Returns a stateful transduce...
- lazy sequence of successive items from coll while (pred item) ...
- lazy sequence of all but the first n items in coll. Returns a stat...
- azy sequence of all but the last n (default 1) items in coll
- lazy sequence of the items in coll starting from the first item f...

Sequences > Use (Iteration)

is a lazy sequence consisting of the result of applying f to the set ... ns a vector consisting of the result of applying f to the set of first it... is a lazy sequence consisting of the result of applying f to 0 and t... is a lazy sequence of the non-nil results of (fitem). Note, this mea... is a lazy sequence of the non-nil results of (f index item). Note, thi... is the result of applying concat to the result of applying map to f a... Id be a function of 2 arguments. If val is not supplied, returns the ... ns a lazy seq of the intermediate values of the reduction (as per re... e with a transformation of f (xf). If init is not supplied, (f) will be call... is the x for which (k x), a number, is greatest. If there are multiple ... ns the x for which (k x), a number, is least. If there are multiple suc... lazy sequences are produced via functions that have side effects,... lazy sequences are produced via functions that have side effects,...

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sorted-set
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Use

conj	conj[oin]. Returns a new collection with
disj	disj[oin]. Returns a new set of the same
get	Returns the value mapped to key, not-fo

Transients

Create

transient	
persistent!	

Returns a new, transient version of the collection, in constant time. Returns a new, persistent version of the transient collection, in consta

Use (General)

conj! pop! assoc! dissoc! disj! Adds x to the transient collection, and return coll. The 'addition' may h Removes the last item from a transient vector. If the collection is empt When applied to a transient map, adds mapping of key(s) to val(s). When Returns a transient map that doesn't contain a mapping for key(s).

Vectors

Create

Creates a new vector containing
Creates a new vector containing
Creates a new vector of a single

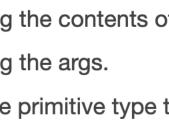
Lists

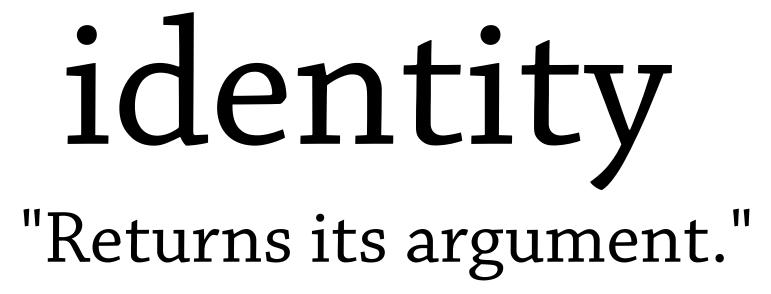
Create

the xs 'added'. (ce e (hashed/sorted) ty found or nil if key n

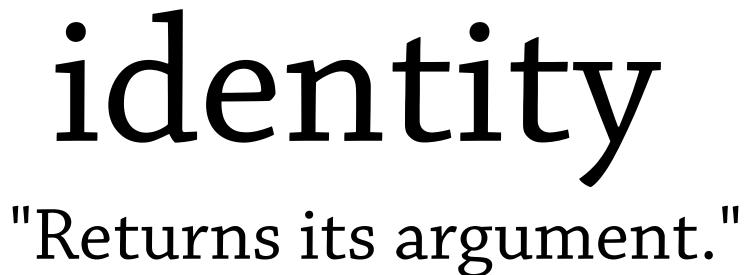
Cc

Collectio Transients > Cre Transients > Use (Gene disj[oin]. Returns a transient set of the same (hashed/sorted) type, that



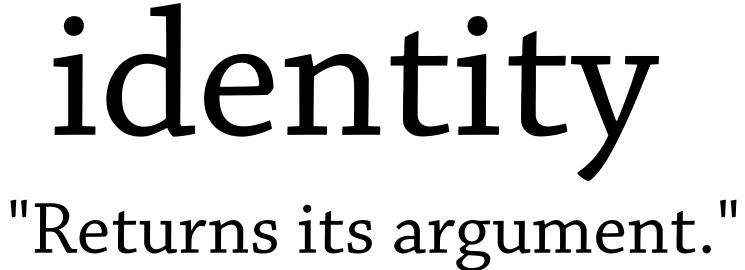


Any -> Any



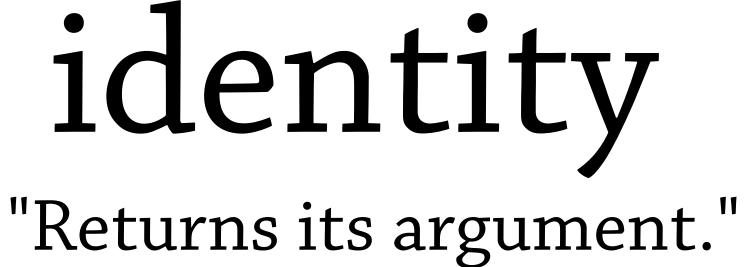


Any -> Any Int|Bool -> Int|Bool



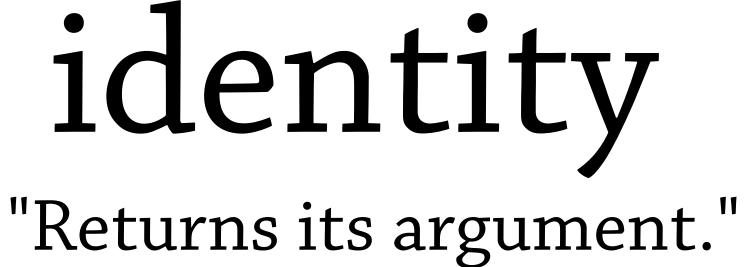


Any -> Any Int | Bool -> Int | Bool Int -> Int



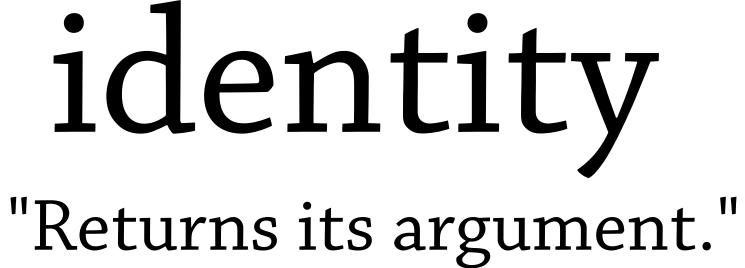


Any -> Any Int|Bool -> Int|Bool Int -> Int Bool -> Bool





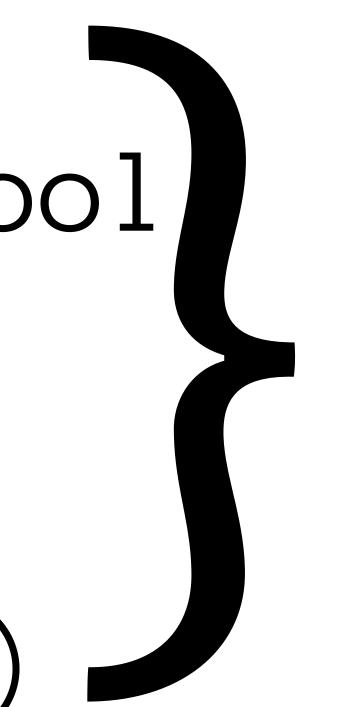
Any -> Any Int | Bool -> Int | Bool Int -> Int Bool -> Bool $(eq 1) \rightarrow (eq 1)$





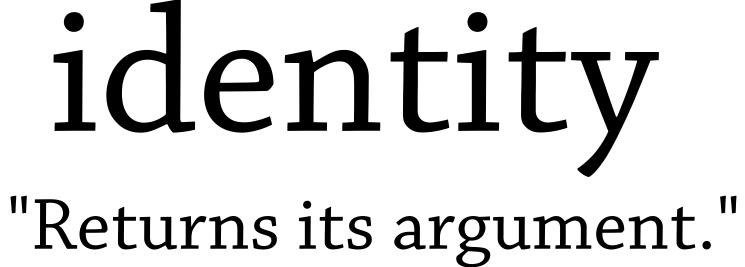
Any -> Any Int Bool -> Int Bool Int -> Int Bool -> Bool (eq 1) -> (eq 1)

identity "Returns its argument."





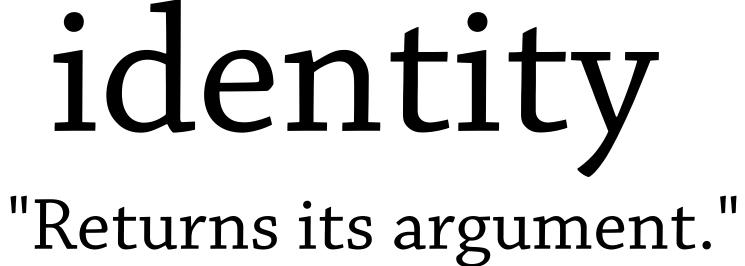
A/schema Any -> Any Int | Bool -> Int | Bool for all specs X, Int -> Int $X \longrightarrow X$ Bool -> Bool (eq 1) -> (eq 1)







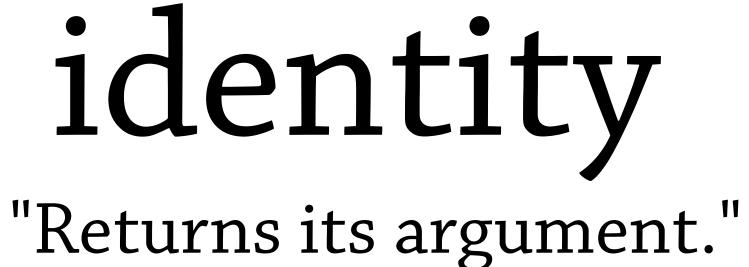
A/schema Any -> Any Int Bool -> Int Bool for all specs X, Int -> Int $X \longrightarrow X$ Bool -> Bool (eq 1) -> (eq 1)





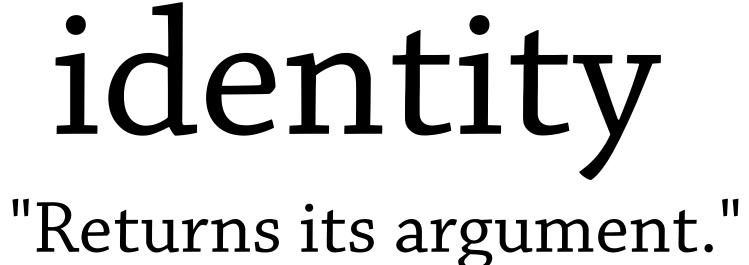


typed.clj.spec



for all specs X, $X \longrightarrow X$

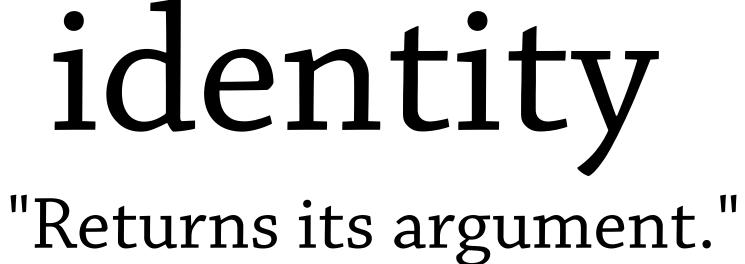


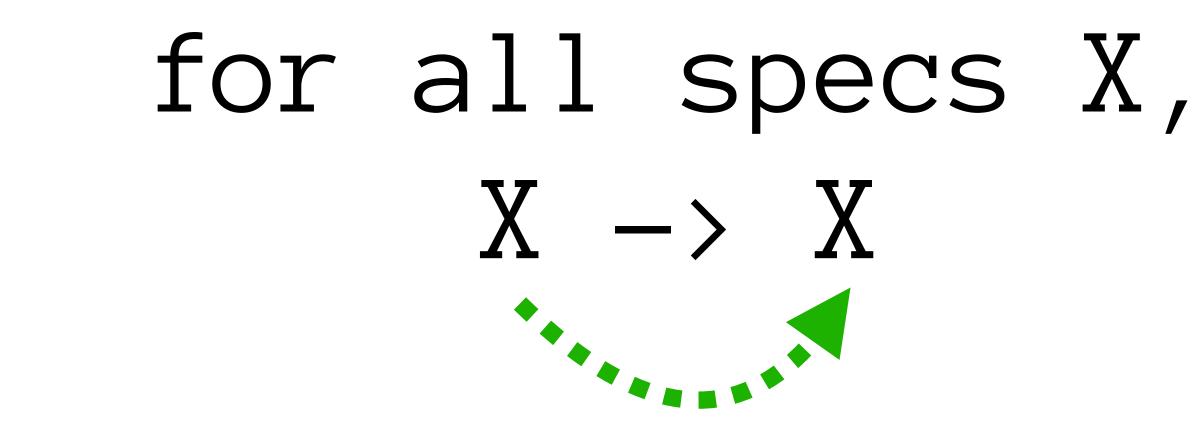


for all specs X, $X \longrightarrow X$



(s/def ::identity-poly (t/all :binder (t/binder :x (t/bind-tv)) :body





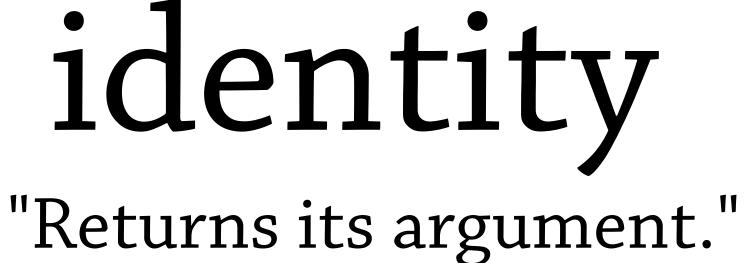
(s/fspec :args (s/cat :x (t/tv :x))

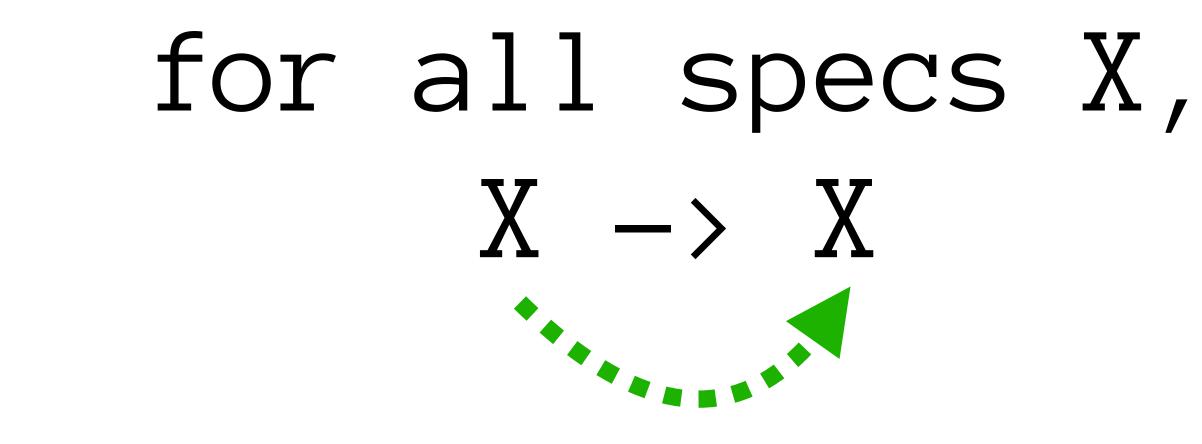
:ret (t/tv :x))) https://tinyurl.com/typed-clj-spec





(s/def ::identity-poly (t/all :binder (t/binder :x (t/bind-tv)) :body





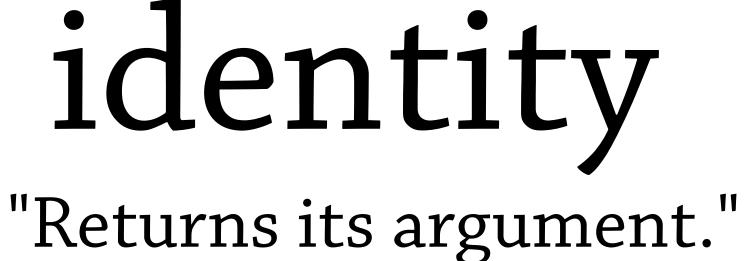
(s/fspec :args (s/cat :x (t/tv :x))





(tu/is-valid ::identity-poly identity)

(tu/is-invalid ::identity-poly (fn [x] nil))



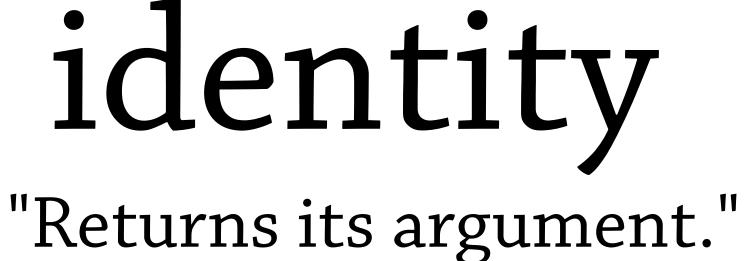
(tu/is-valid ::identity-poly identity)

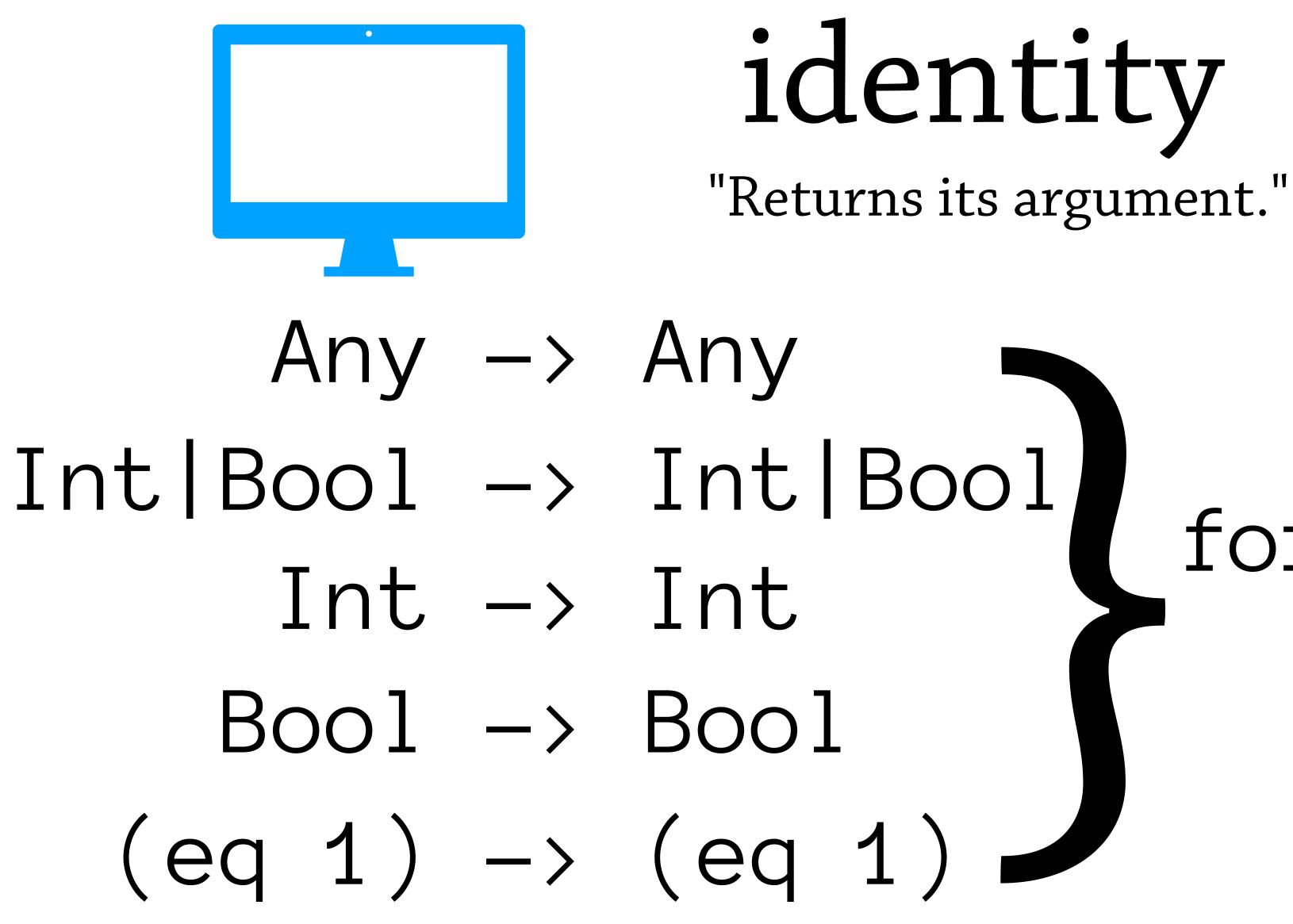
(tu/is-invalid ::identity-poly (fn [x] nil))

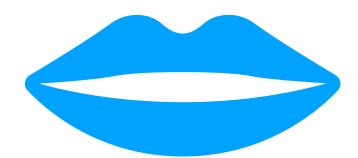


(tu/is-valid ::identity-poly identity)

(tu/is-invalid ::identity-poly (fn [x] nil))



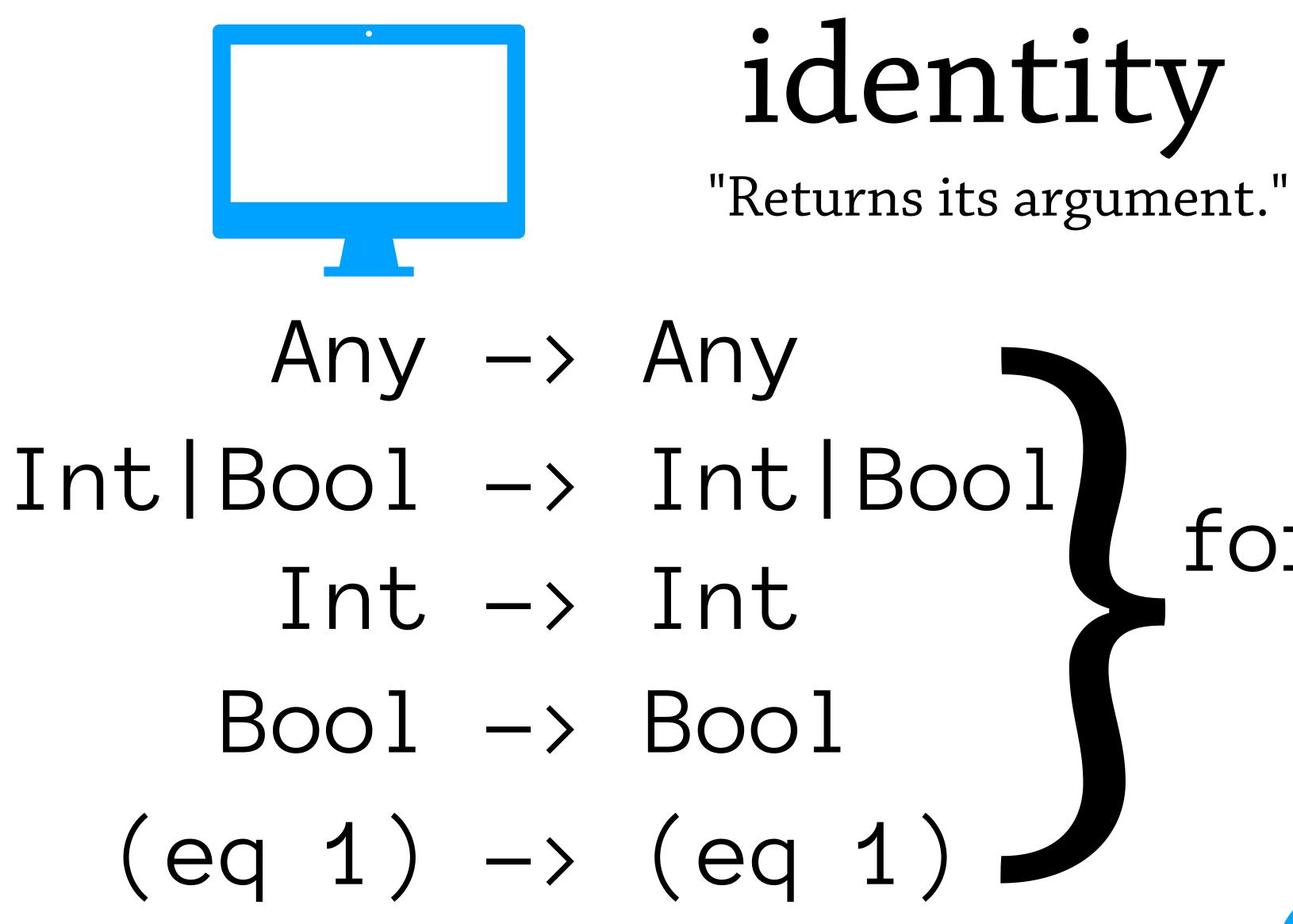




for all specs X, $X \longrightarrow X$







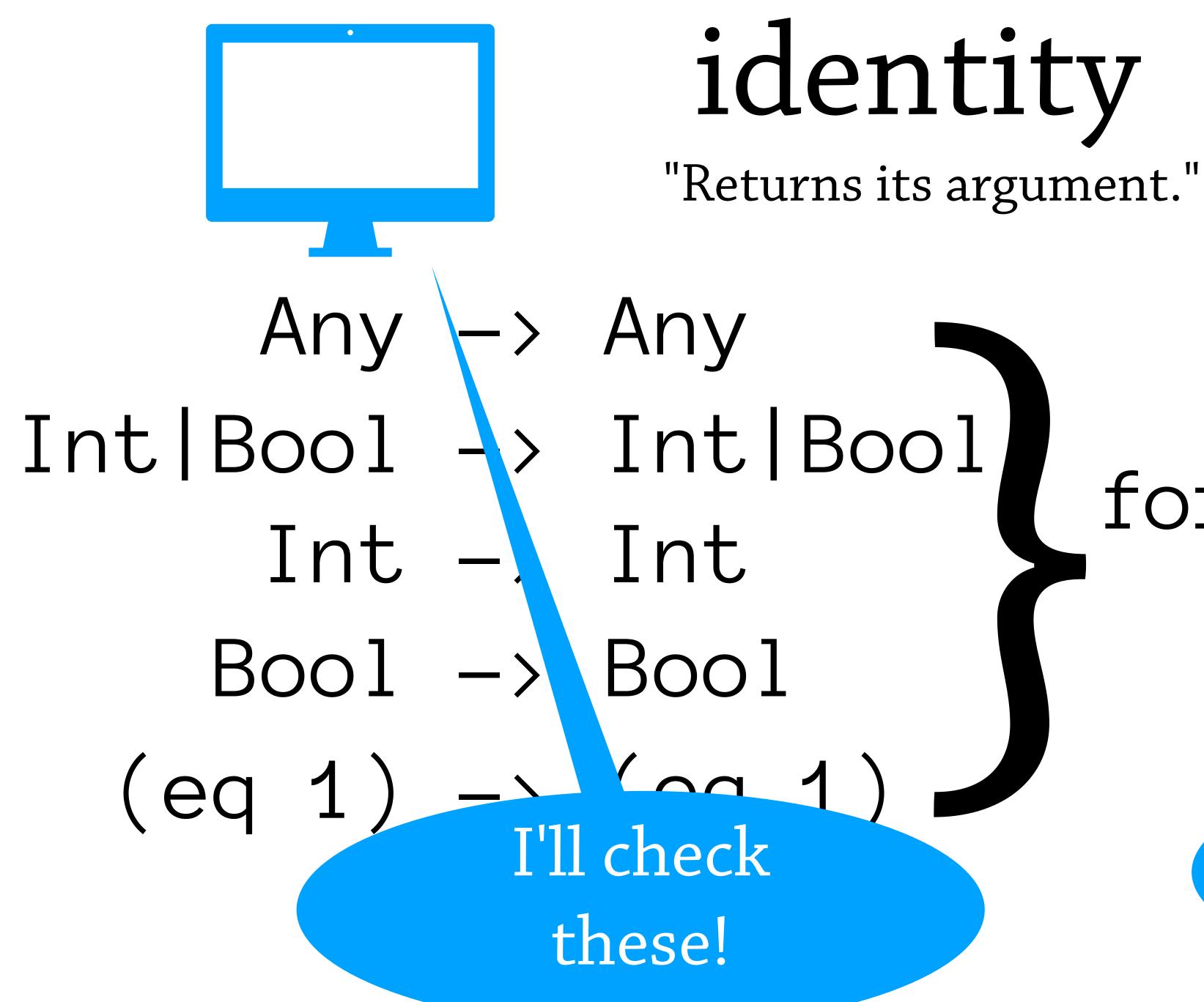


for all specs X, X - X

I'll write this!







for all specs X, X - X

I'll write this!



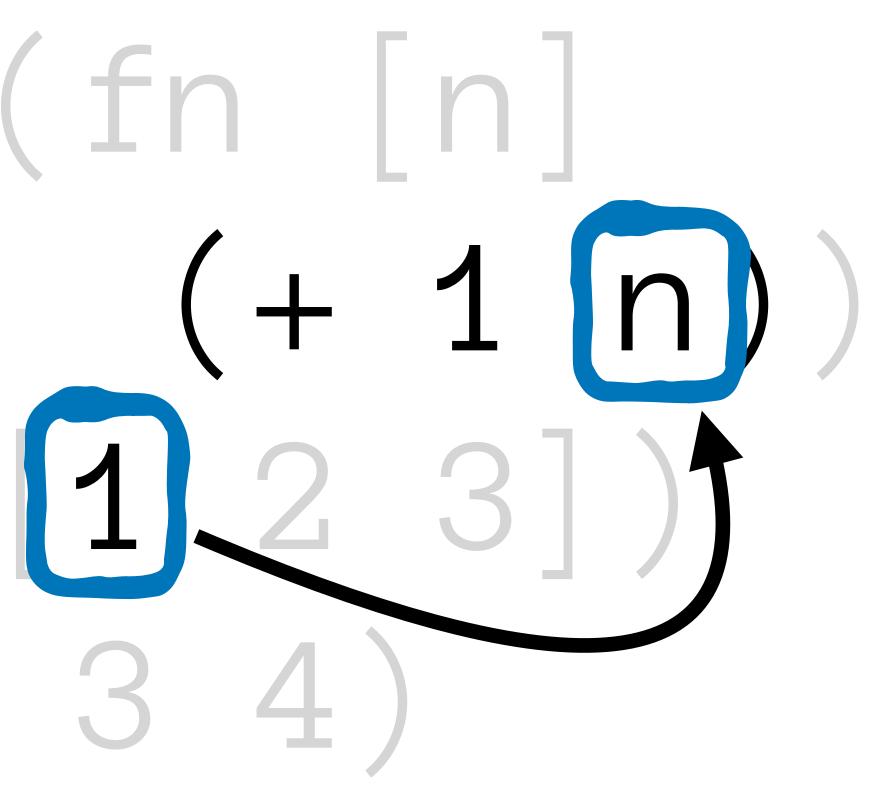


(map (fn n))(+ 1 n)) [1 2 3]) \Rightarrow (23)

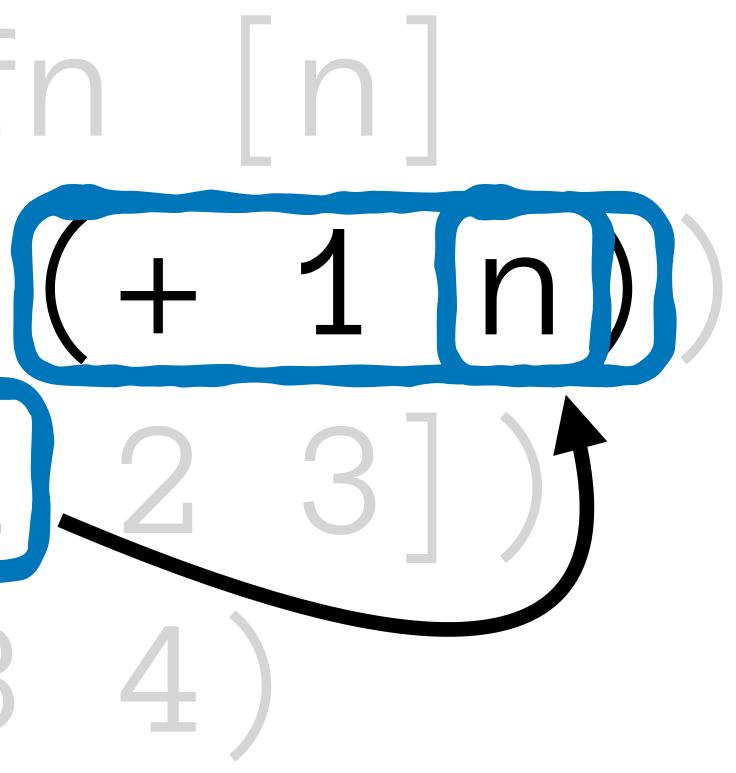
(map (fn [n] (+ 1 n)) 1231) => (2 3 4)

(map (fn [n]

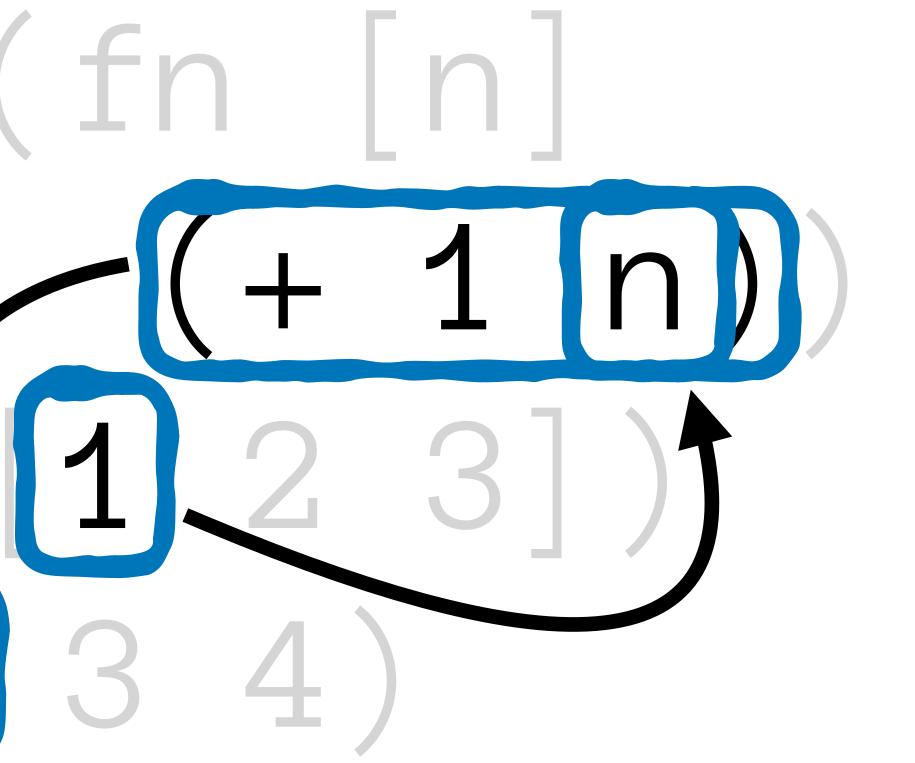
 $= \rangle (234)$



(map (fn [n] $= \rangle (234)$



(map (fn [n] $= \rangle ([Z] [3] [4])$



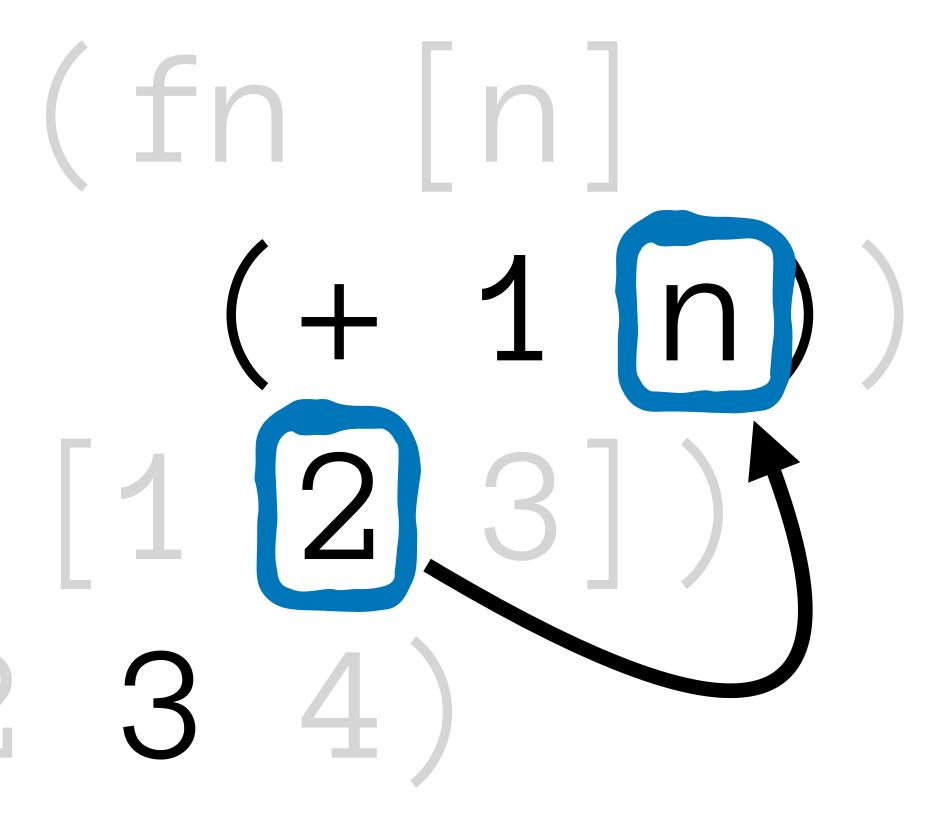
(map (fn n]

= > (2 3 4)

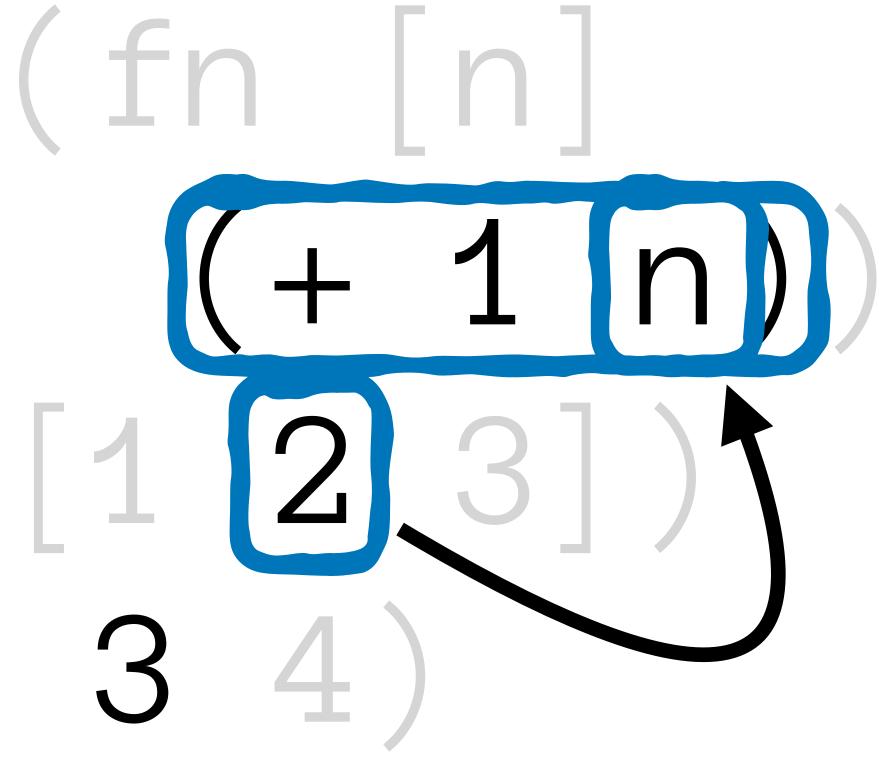
(+ 1 n)) [1] (2) (3)

(map (fn [n]

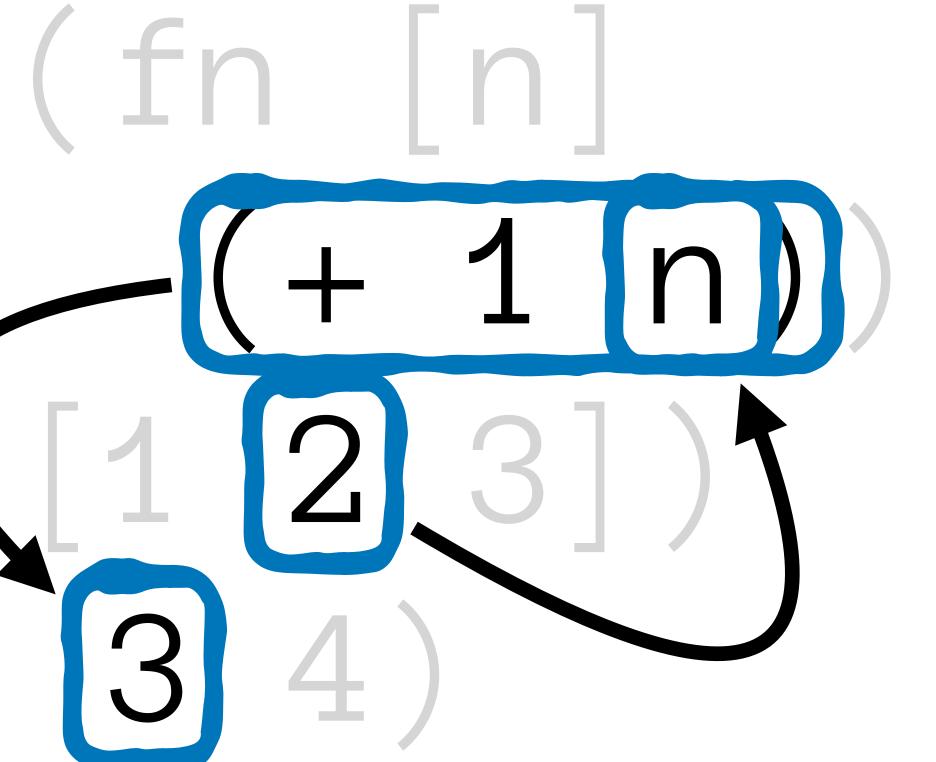
 \Rightarrow (23)



(map (fn [n] = > (234)



(map (fn [n] $= \rangle (2 3 4)$



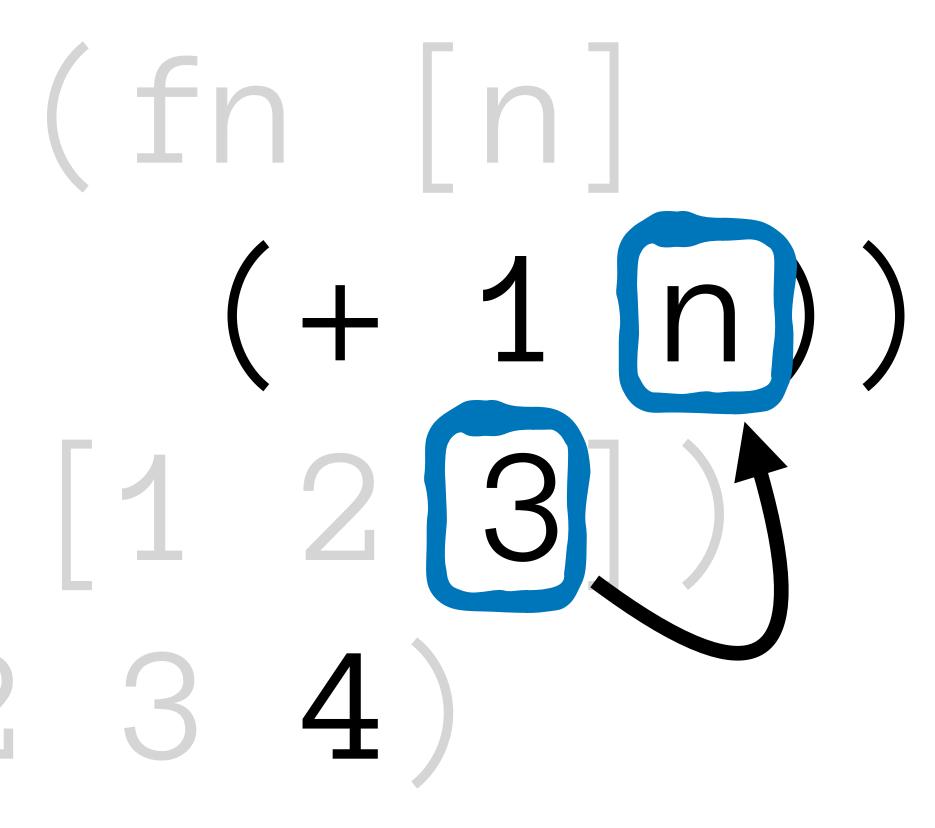
(map (fn n]

=> (2 3 4)

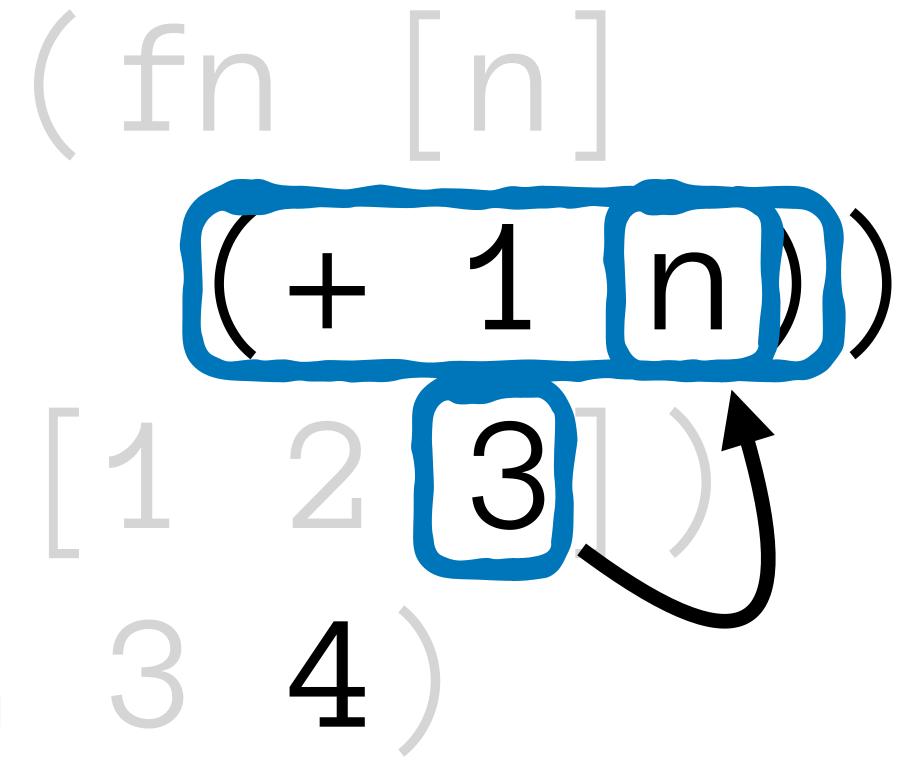
(+ 1 n)) [12]

(map (fn [n]

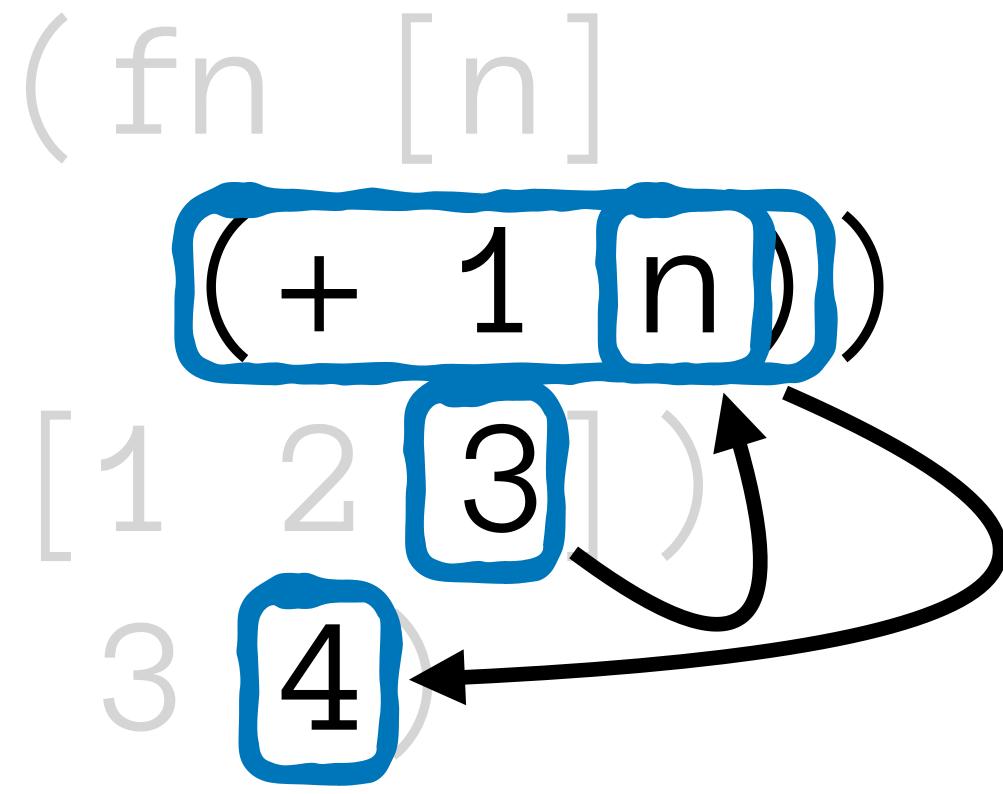
=> (234)



(map (fn [n] => (234)



(map (fn [n] $= \left(2 3 4 \right)$



A = (Any - Any) [Any] - [Any]

Any (Any->Any) [Any] -> [Any] (any? -> any?) (every any?) ->

Spec

(every any?)

Any (Any->Any) [Any] -> [Any] (any? -> any?) (every any?) -> (every any?) Spec

malli

[:sequential :any]

[:=> :any :any] [:sequential :any :any]

A/schema

Spec

(every any?)

malli

[:=> :any :any] [:sequential :any :any] [:sequential :any]

"Applies the function to each element of the collection."

(Any->Any) [Any] -> [Any]

(any? -> any?) (every any?) ->

(Any->Any)[Any]->[Any]



$(Any \rightarrow Any) [Any] \rightarrow [Any]$

$(Int \rightarrow Str)[Int] \rightarrow [Str]$



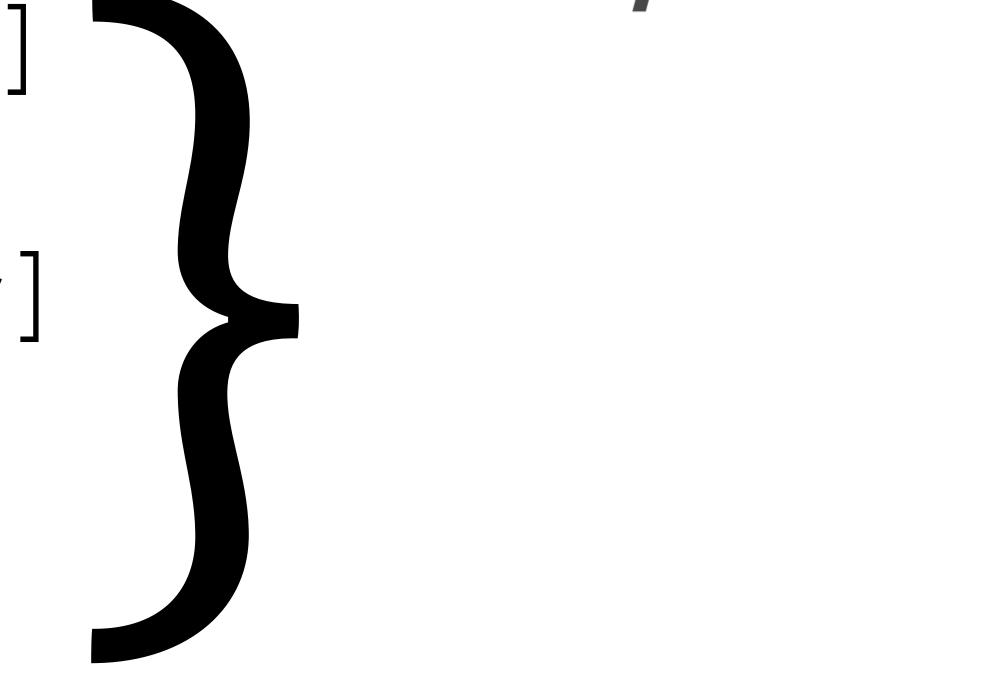
(Int->Str)[Int]->[Str]



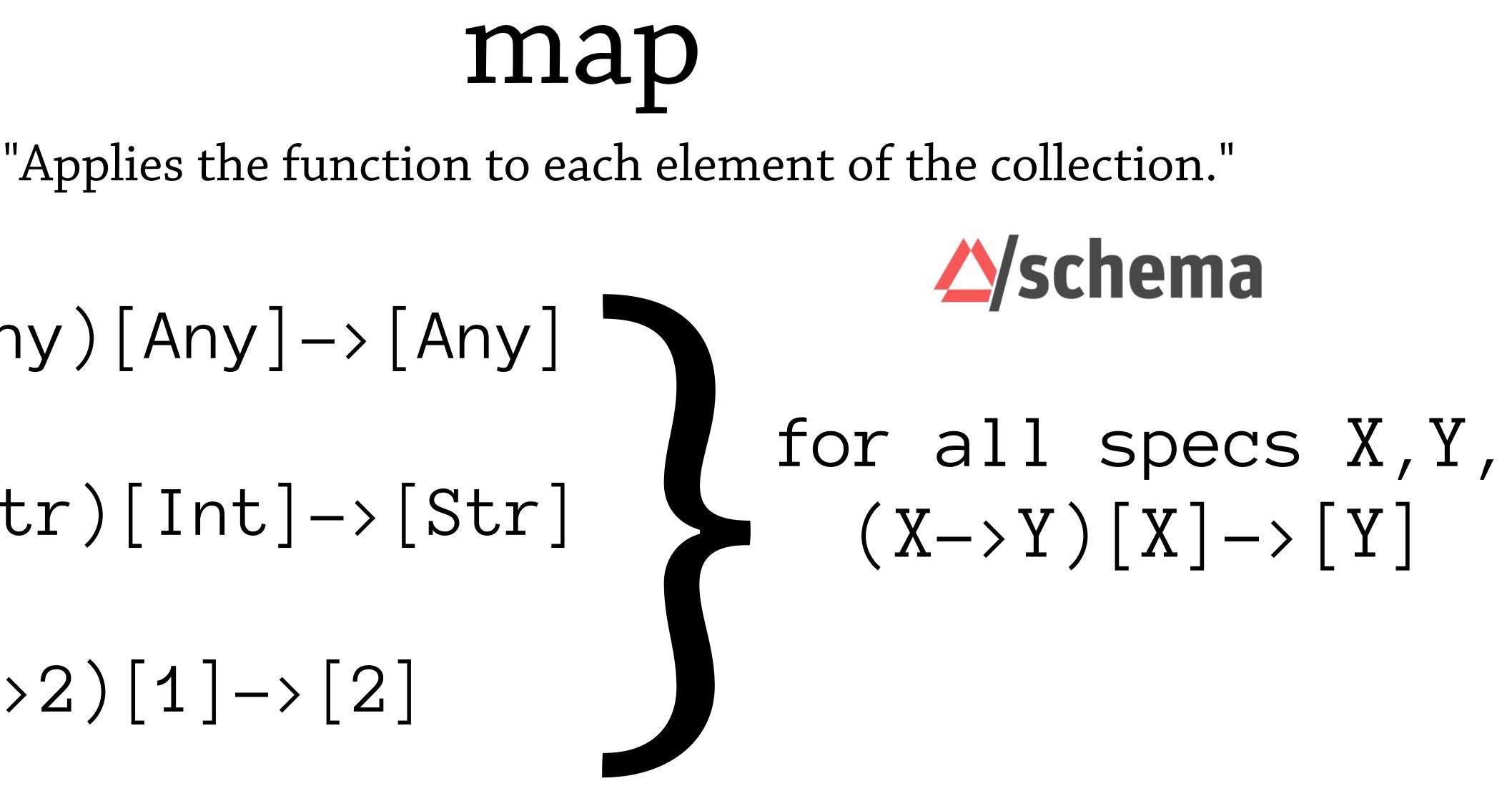
$(Int \rightarrow Str)[Int] \rightarrow [Str]$

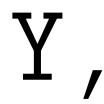
(1 - > 2) [1] - > [2]



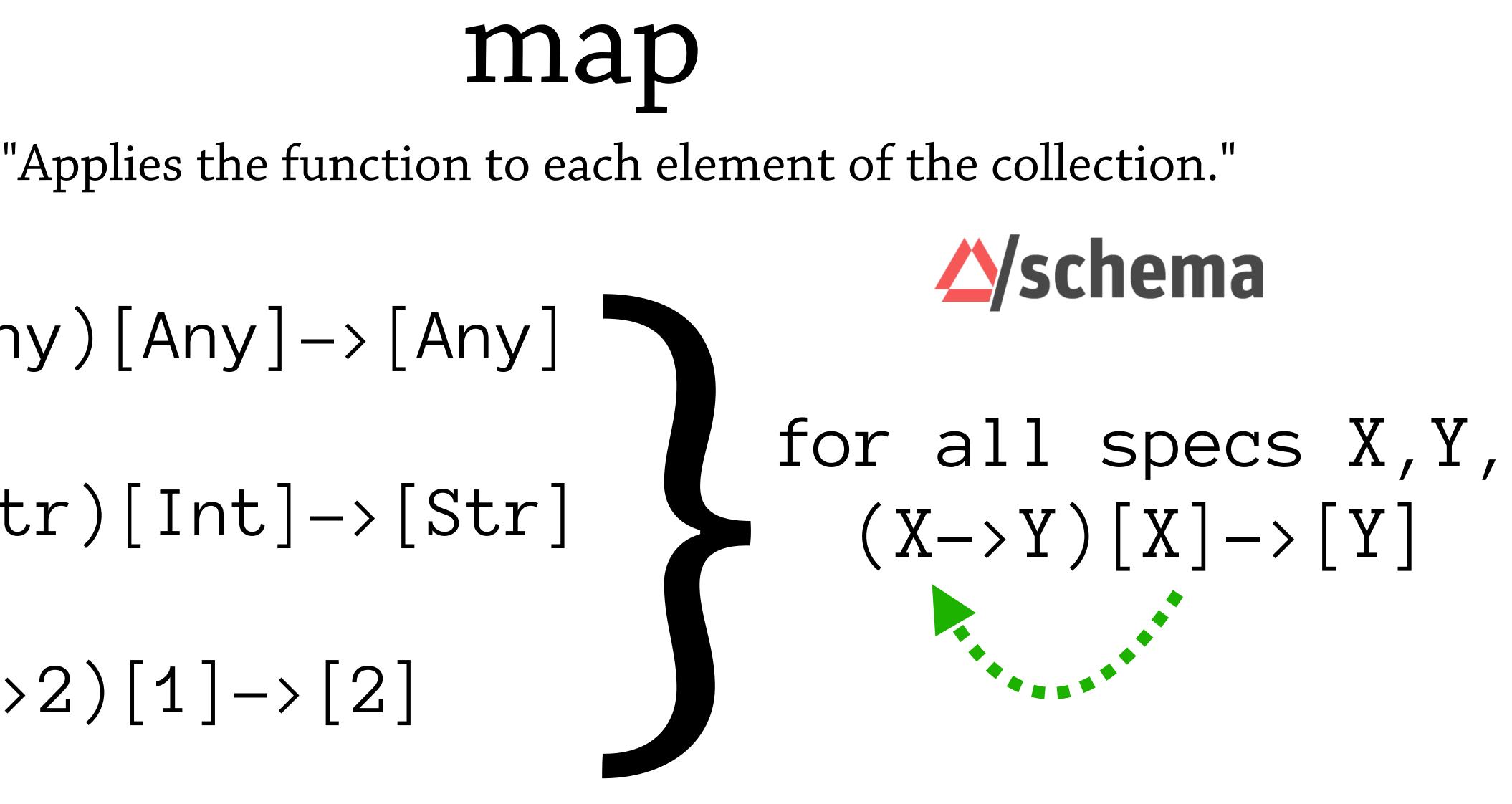


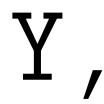
(Int->Str)[Int]->[Str]



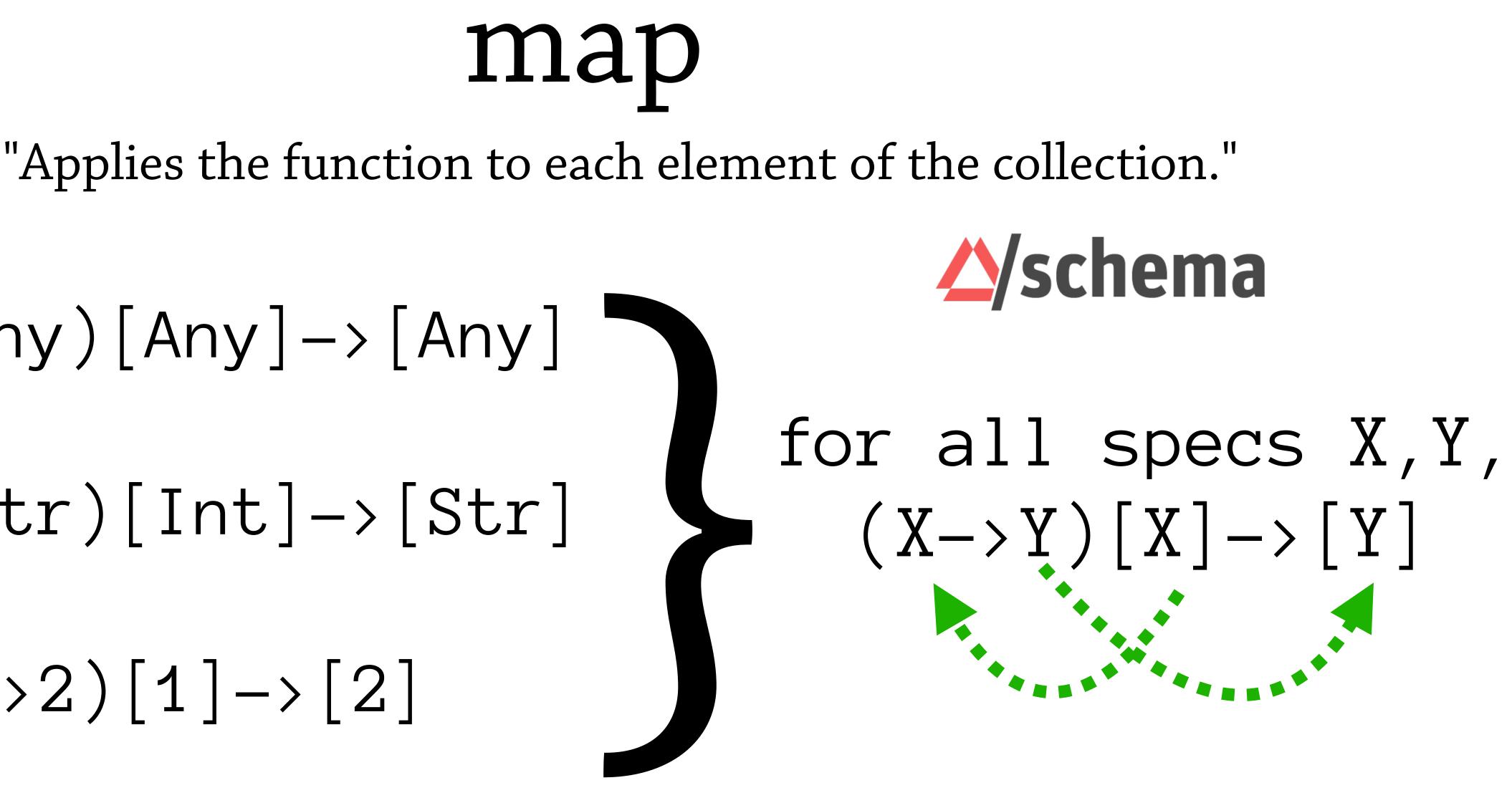


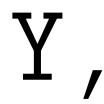
$(Int \rightarrow Str)[Int] \rightarrow [Str]$





$(Int \rightarrow Str)[Int] \rightarrow [Str]$





for all specs X,Y, $(X \rightarrow Y) [X] \rightarrow [Y]$



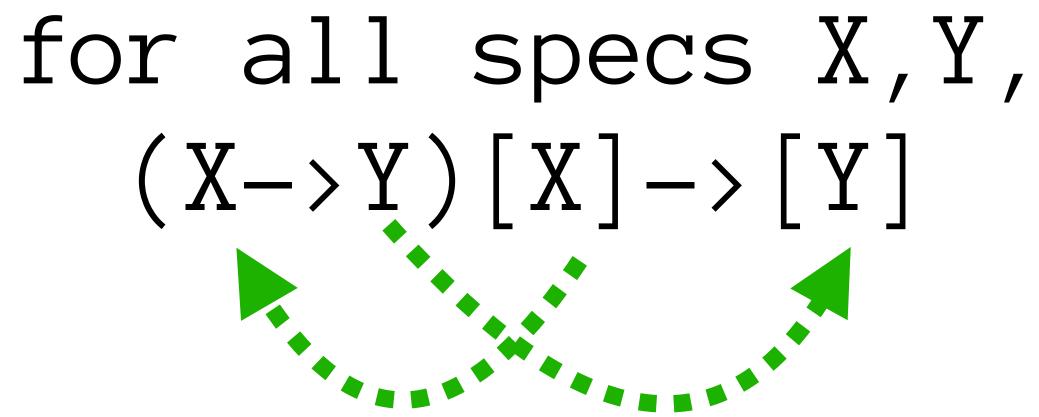
for all specs X,Y, $(X \rightarrow Y) [X] \rightarrow [Y]$



for all specs X,Y, $(X \rightarrow Y) [X] \rightarrow [Y]$

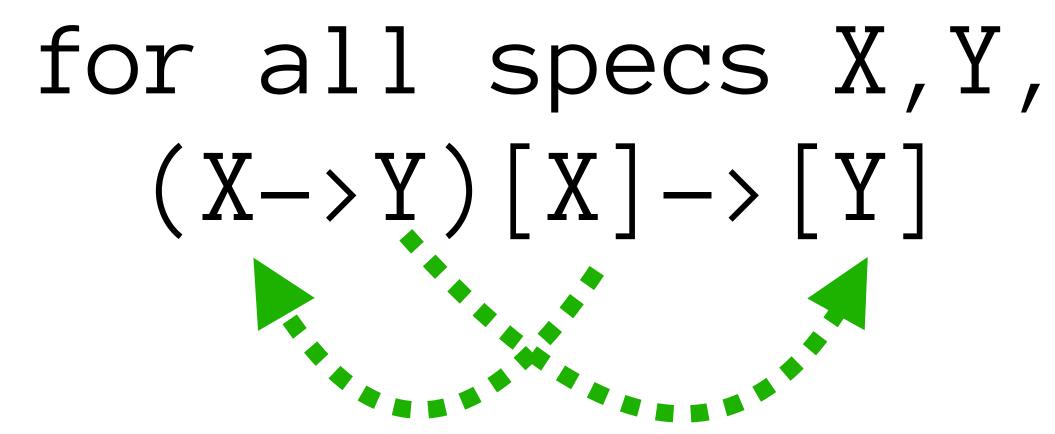


```
(s/def
  ::map1
  (all :binder (binder
                 :x (bind-tv)
                 :y (bind-tv))
       :body (s/fspec :args (s/cat :fn (s/fspec :args (s/cat :x (tv :x))
                                                 :ret (tv :y))
                                    :coll (s/coll-of (tv :x)))
                      :ret (s/coll-of (tv :y))))
```





```
(s/def
  ::map1
  (all :binder (binder
                 :x (bind-tv)
                 :y (bind-tv))
       :body (s/fspec :args (s/cat :fn (s/fspec :args (s/cat :x (tv :x))
                      :ret (s/coll-of (tv :y))))
```



:ret (tv :y)) :coll (s/coll-of (tv :x)))



```
(s/def
  ::map1
  (all :binder (binder
                 :x (bind-tv)
                 :y (bind-tv))
       :body (s/fspec :args (s/cat :fn (s/fspec :args (s/cat :x (tv :x))
```

for all specs X,Y, $(X \rightarrow Y) [X] \rightarrow [Y]$

:ret (tv :y)) :coll (s/coll-of (tv :x))) :ret (s/coll-of (tv :y))))



(tu/is-valid ::map1 map)

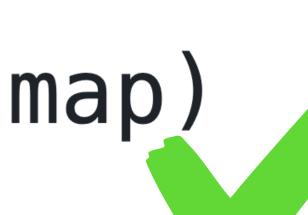
(tu/is-invalid ::map1 (comp #(map str %) map))

(tu/is-valid ::map1 map)

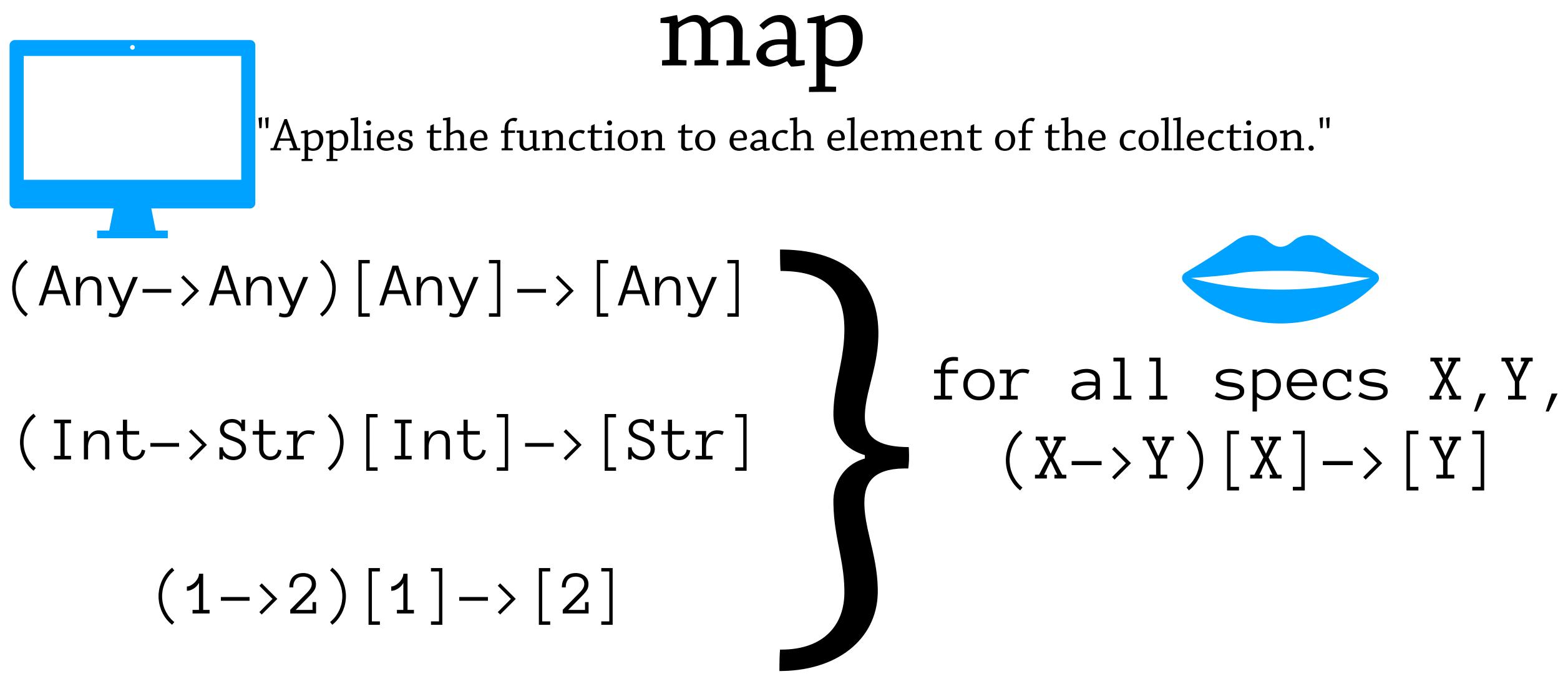


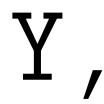
(tu/is-invalid ::map1 (comp #(map str %) map))

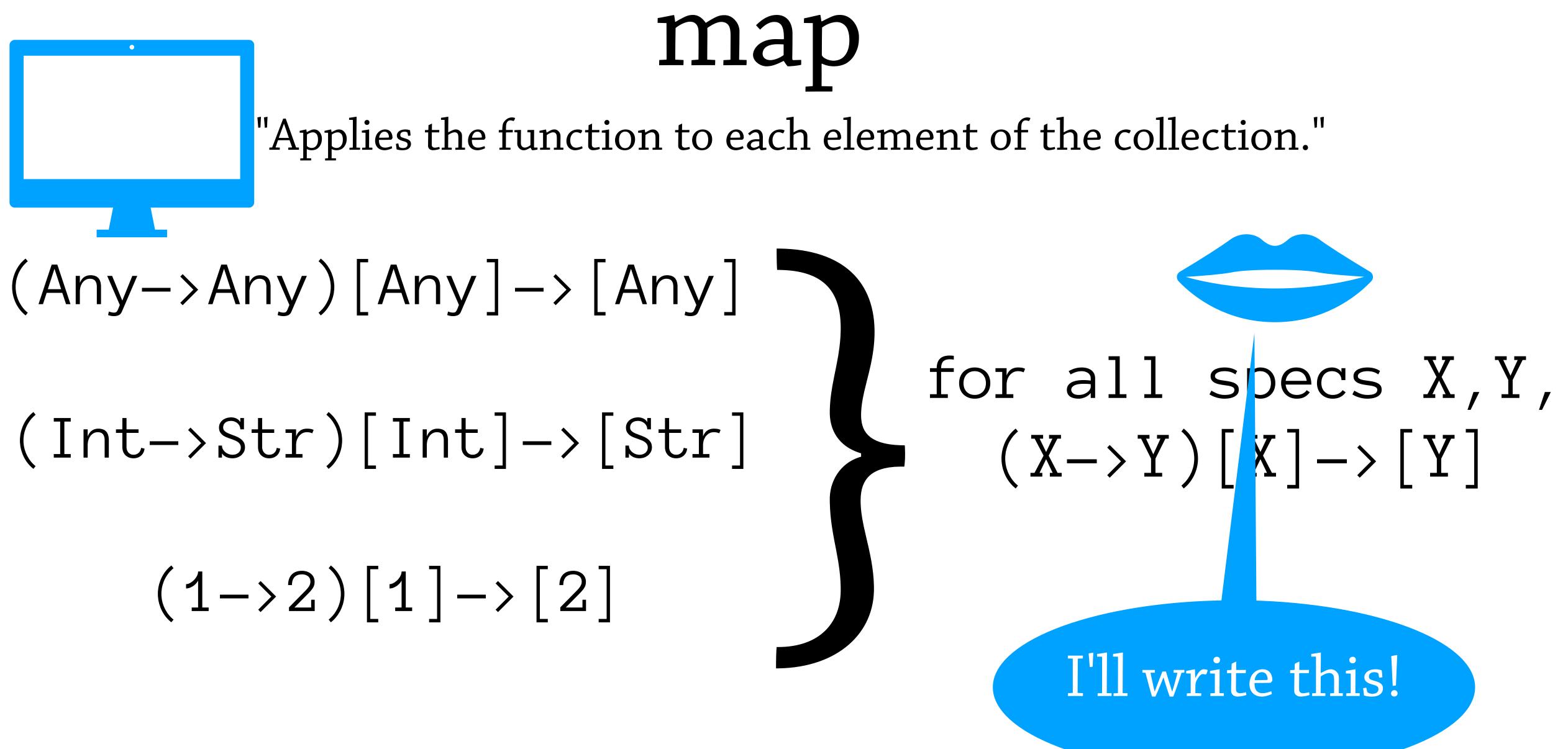
(tu/is-valid ::map1 map)

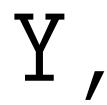


(tu/is-invalid ::map1 (comp #(map str %) map))

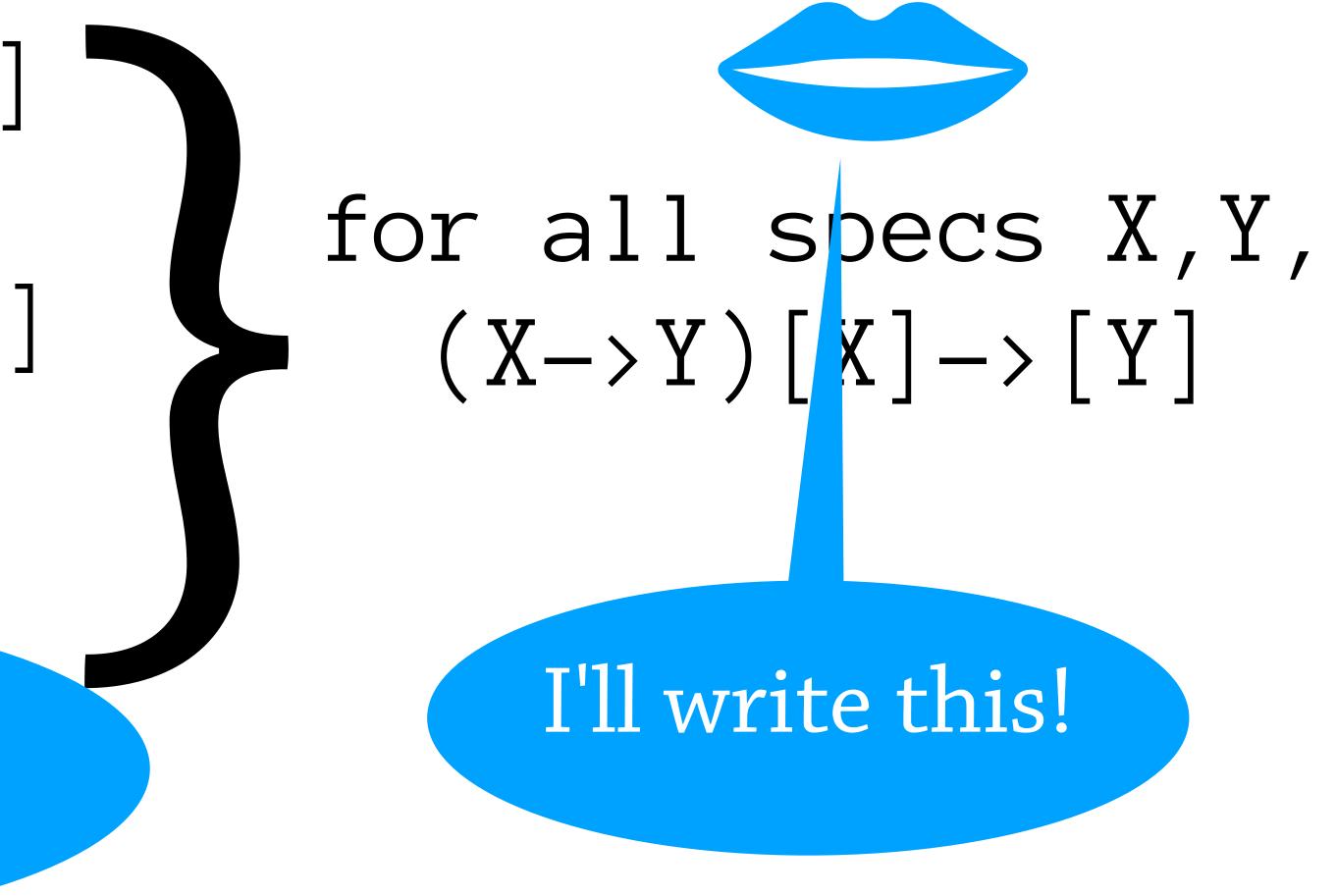


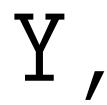






map "Applies the function to each element of the collection." (Any->Any)[Any]->[Any] (Int->Str)[Int]->[Str] (1 - > 2) [1] - > [2]I'll check these!





comp "Takes functions f and g, returning function applying g then f."

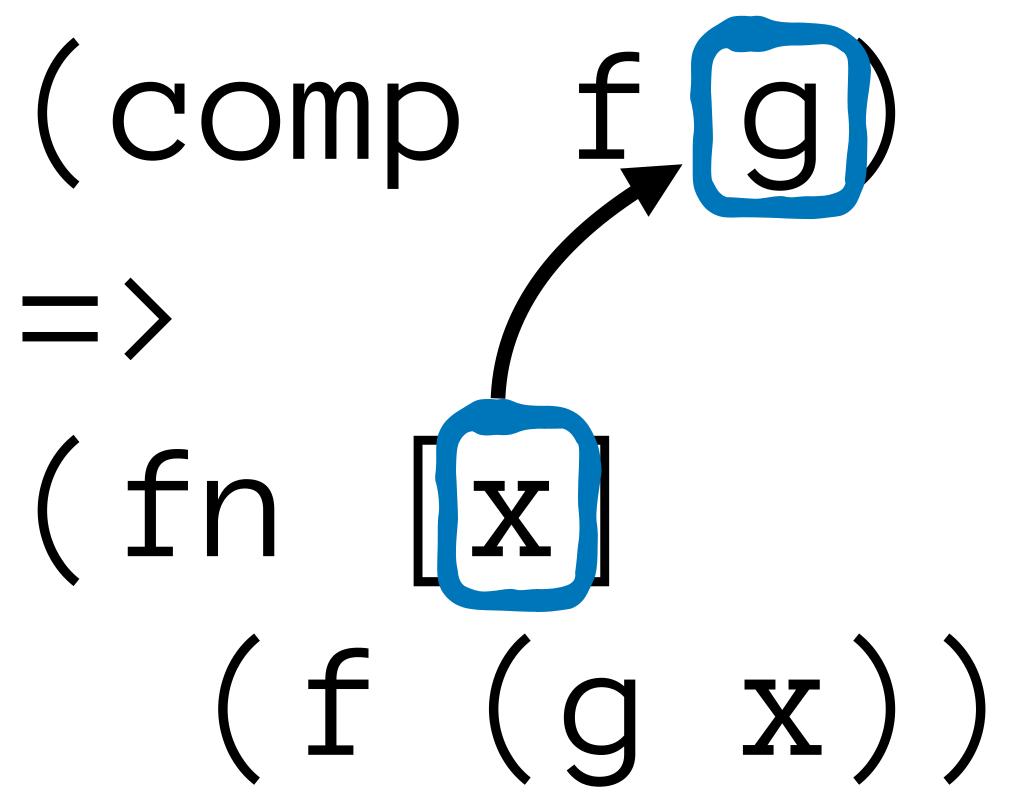
(comp fq)= >(fn | x](f (g x))

comp "Takes functions f and g, returning function applying g then f."

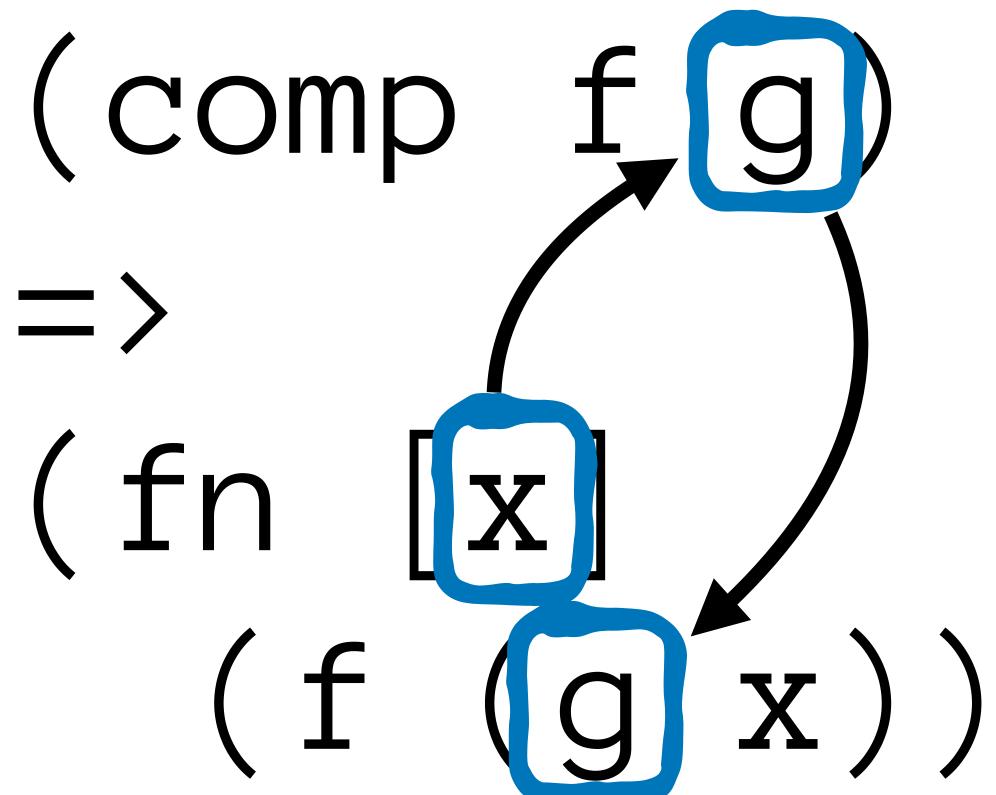
(comp f g) \equiv (fn [x] (f(gx))

comp "Takes functions f and g, returning function applying g then f."

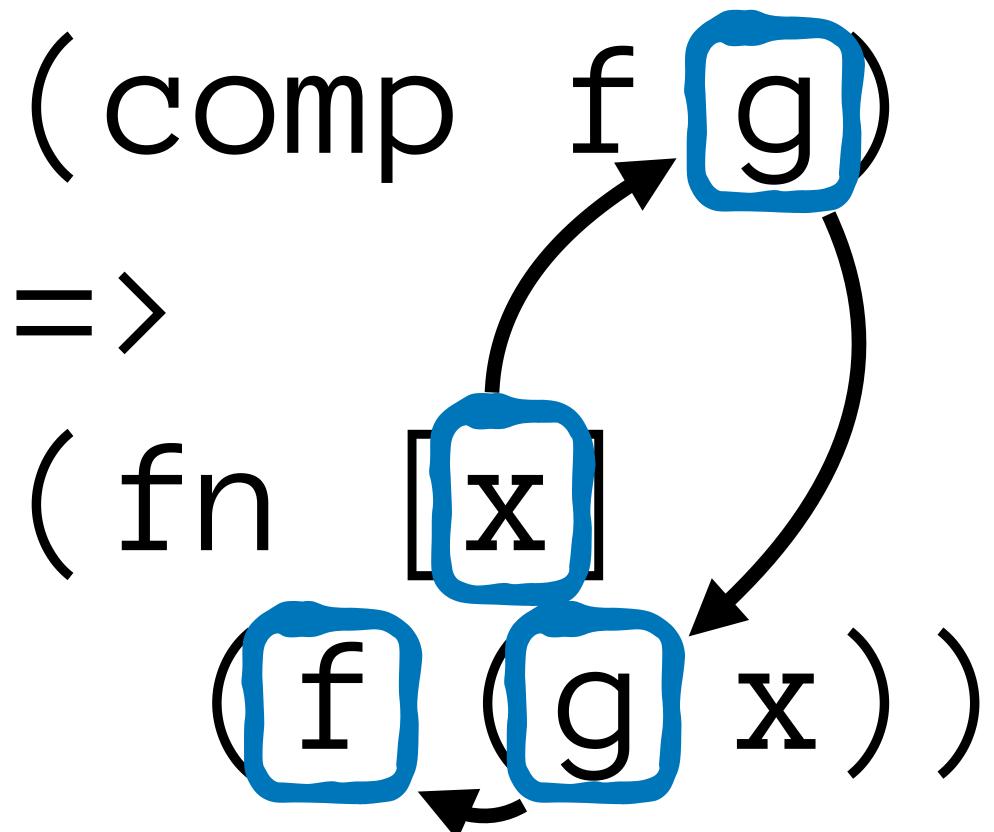
= >(fn | x|

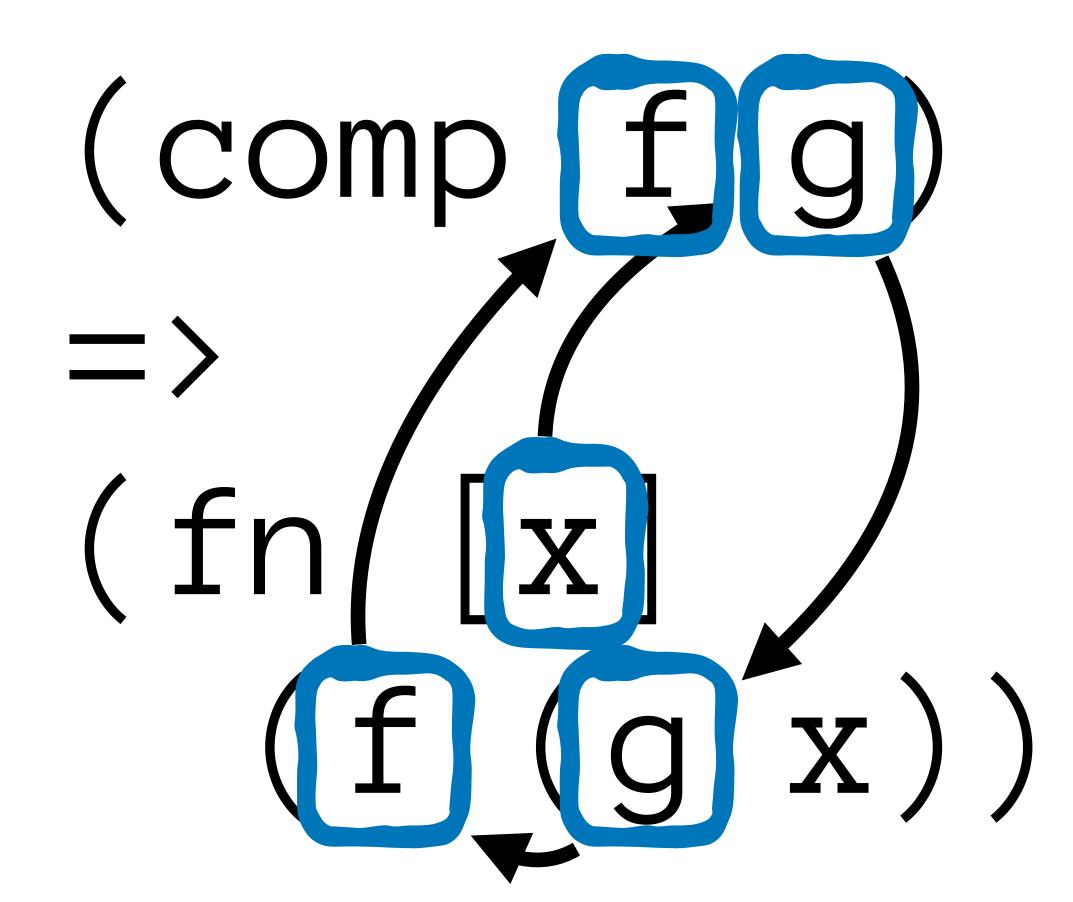


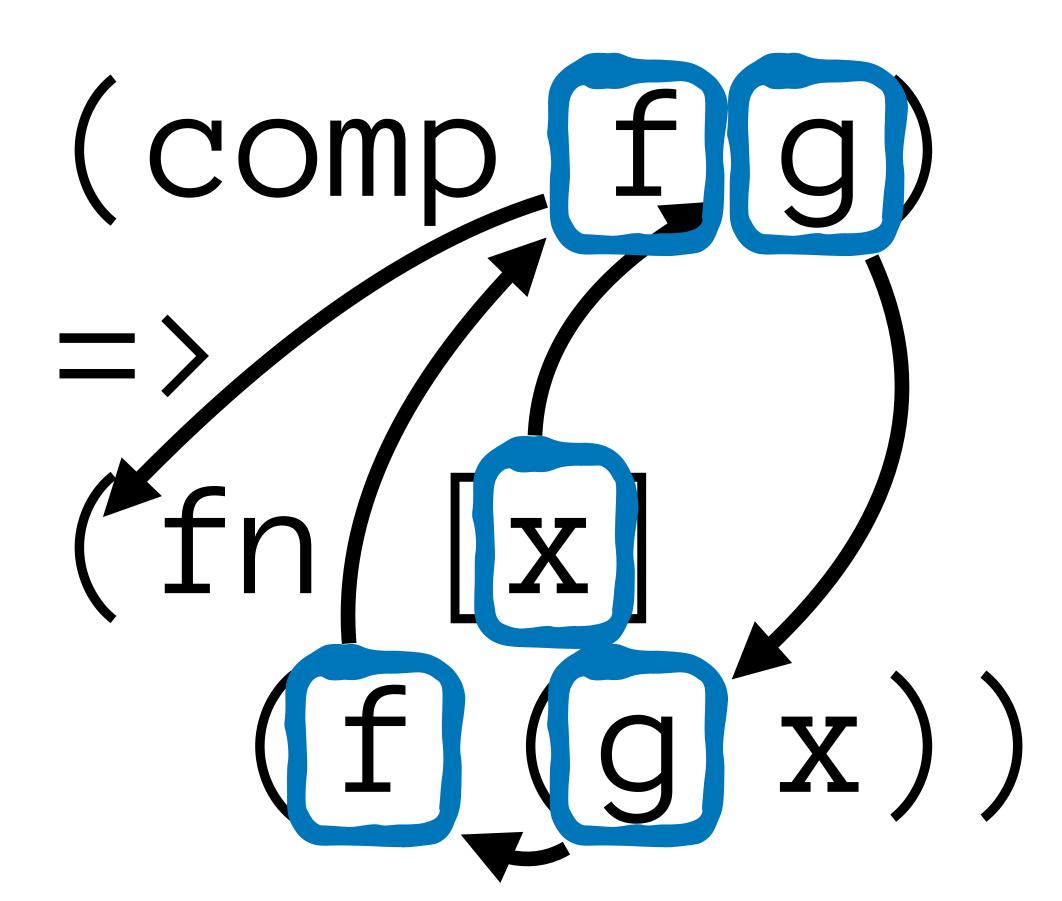
 \equiv (fn)



=(fn)







comp

"Takes functions f and g, returning function applying g then f."

A/schema (Any->Any)(Any->Any)->(Any->Any)



Any->Any

Spec (any?->any?)(any?->any?)->(any?->any?)



Any->Any

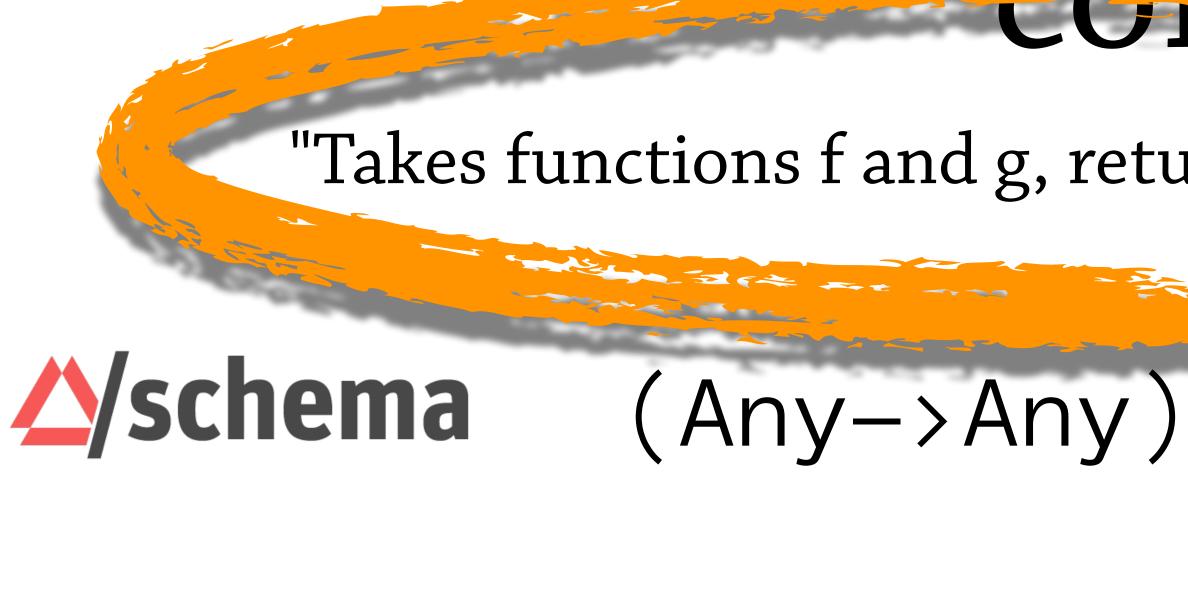
(any?->any?)(any?->any?)->(any?->any?) Spec

malli

- [:=> :any :any]

[:=> :any :any][:=> :any :any]->





Spec

malli

- [:=> :any :any]

"Takes functions f and g, returning function applying g then f."

(Any->Any)(Any->Any)->(Any->Any)

(any?->any?)(any?->any?)->(any?->any?)

[:=> :any :any][:=> :any :any]->



(Any->Any)(Any->Any)-> (Any->Any)



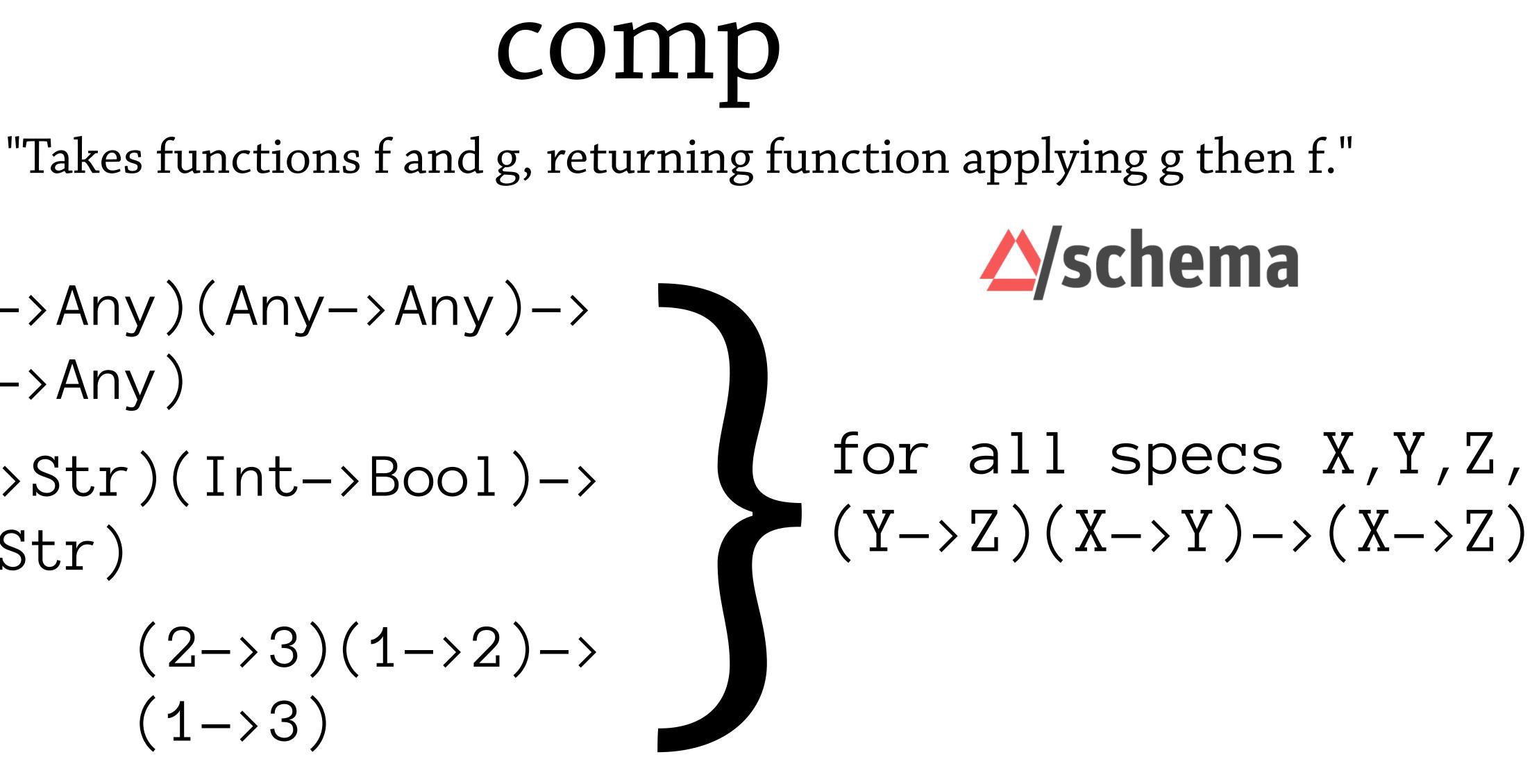


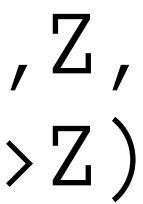
(Bool->Str)(Int->Bool)-> (Int->Str)

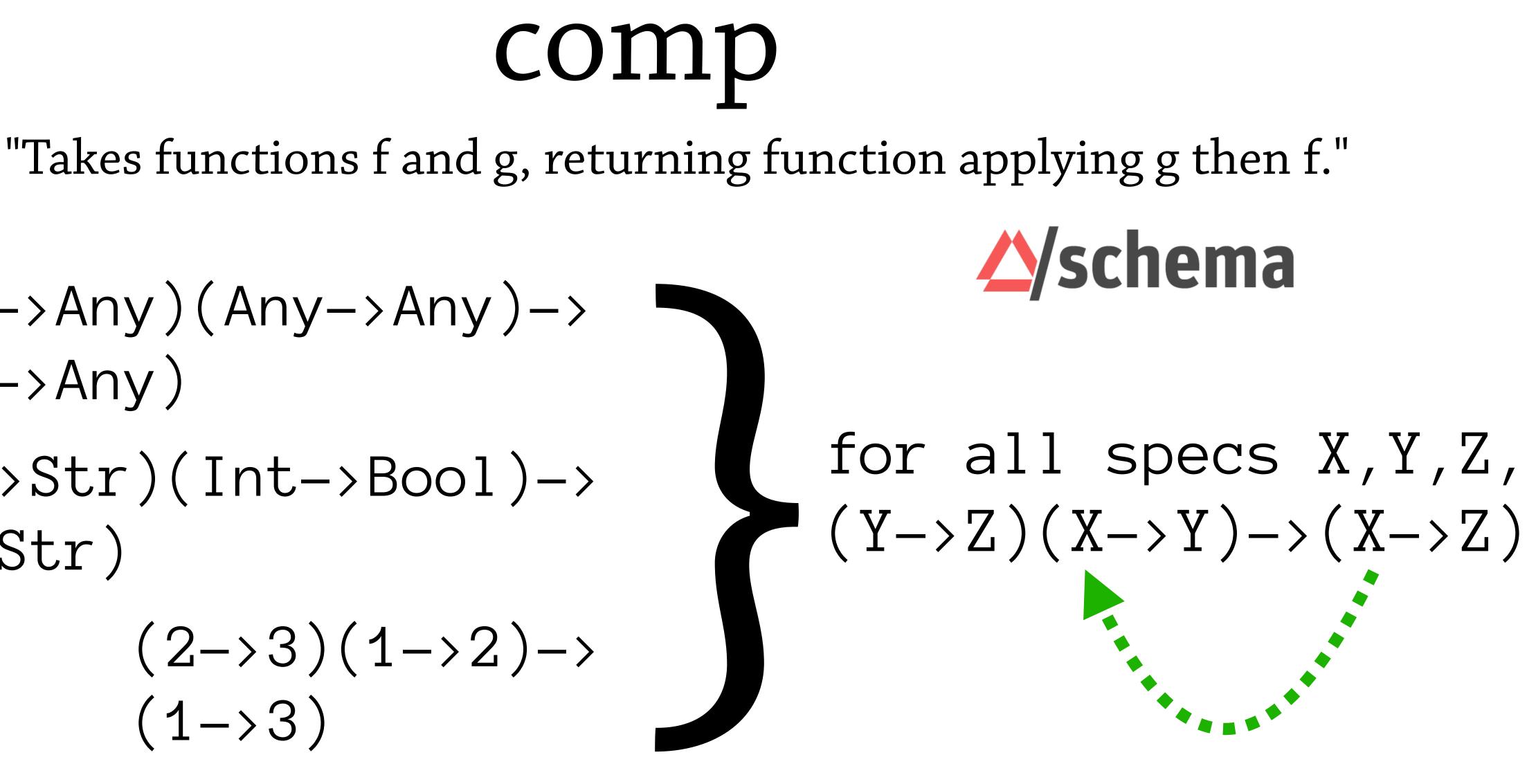


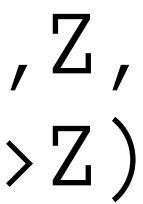
(Bool->Str)(Int->Bool)-> (Int->Str)

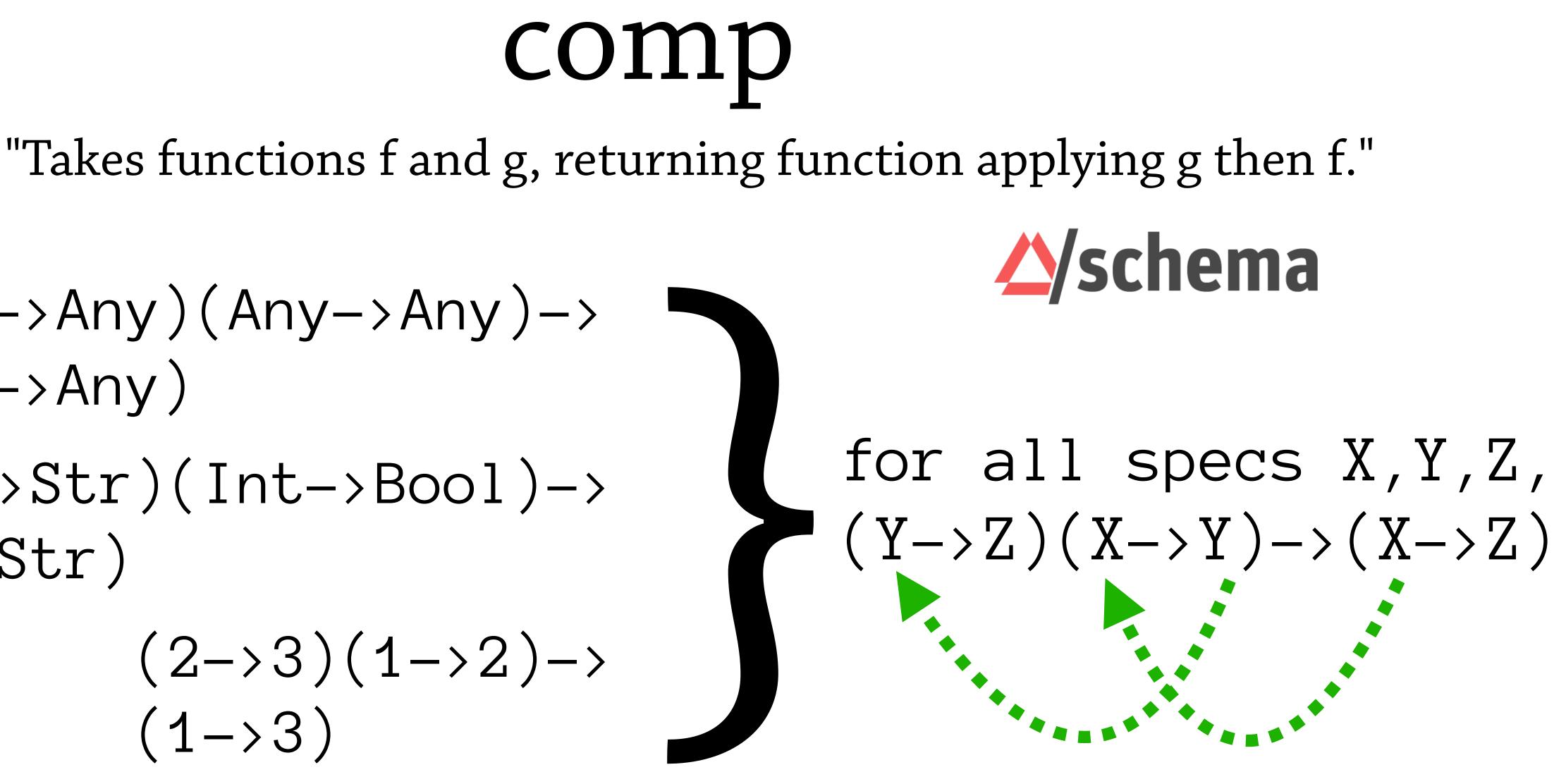


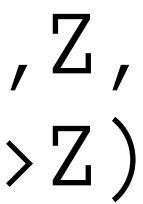


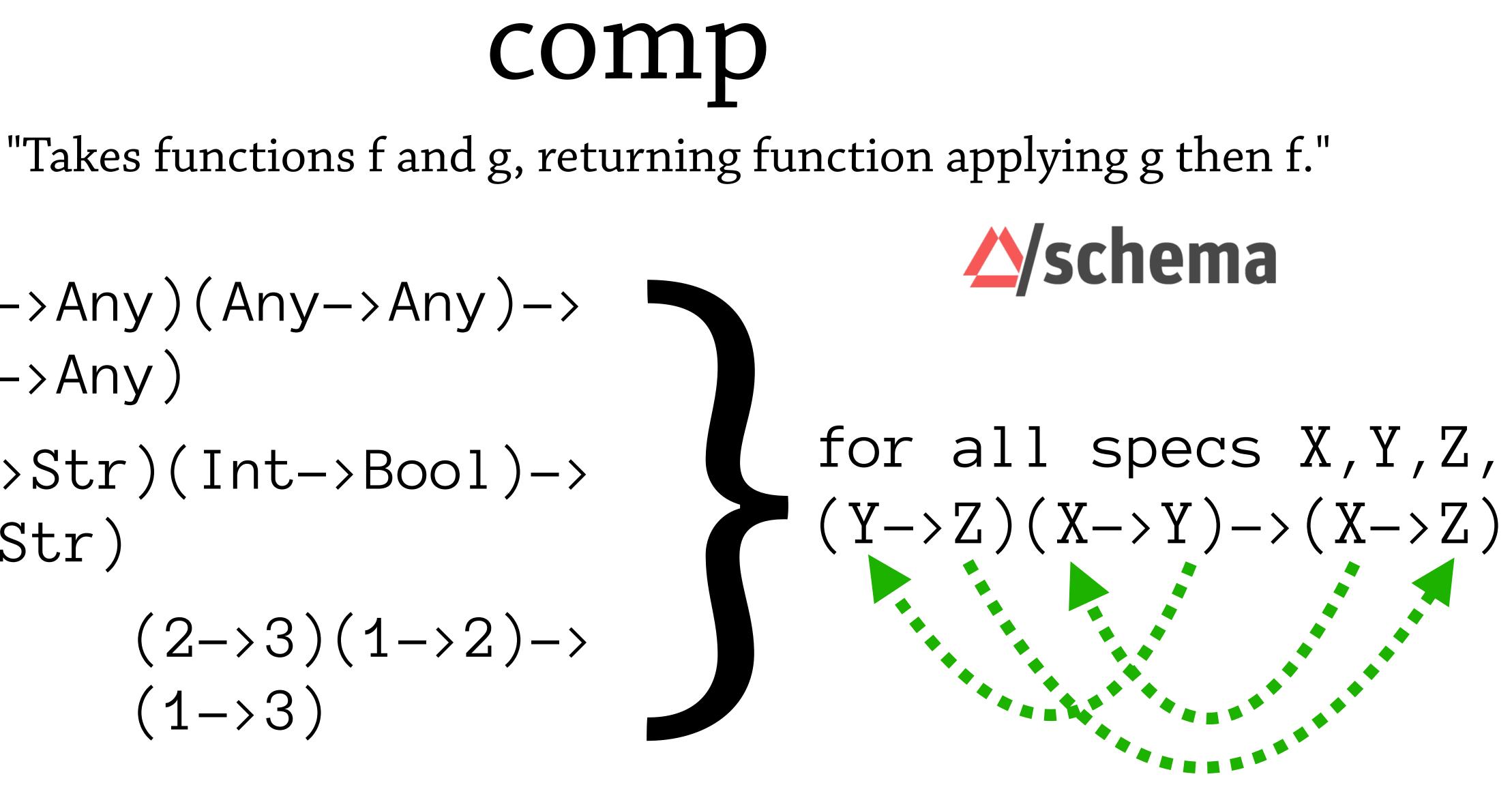


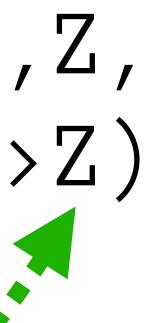




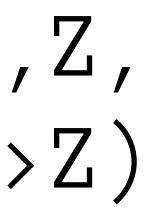




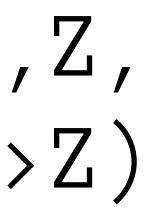




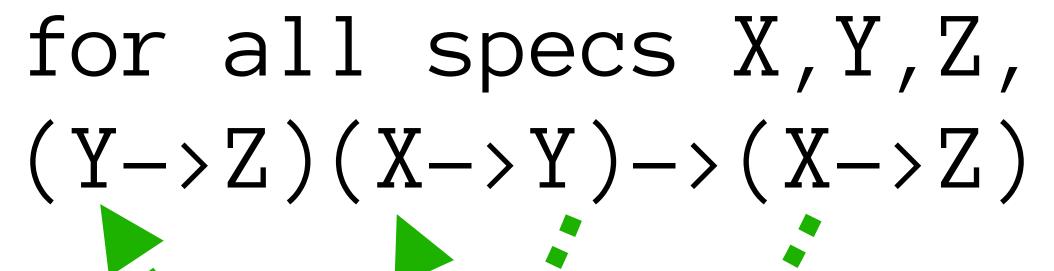
comp "Takes functions f and g, returning function applying g then f." for all specs X,Y,Z, $(Y \rightarrow Z)(X \rightarrow Y) \rightarrow (X \rightarrow Z)$

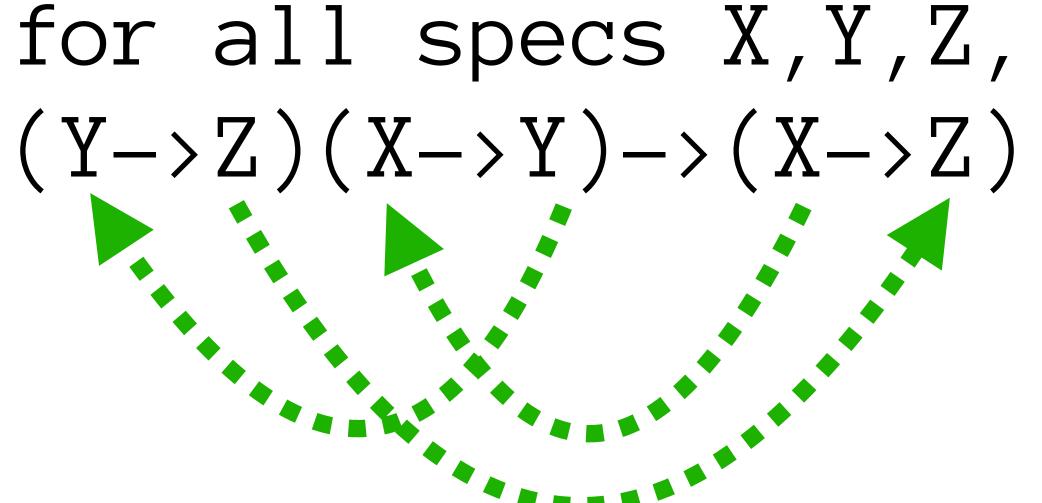


comp "Takes functions f and g, returning function applying g then f." for all specs X,Y,Z, $(Y \rightarrow Z)(X \rightarrow Y) \rightarrow (X \rightarrow Z)$



COMP "Takes functions f and g, returning function applying g then f." for all specs X,Y,Z,

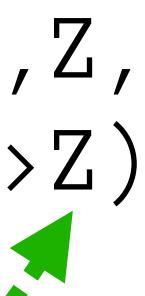




comp for all specs X,Y,Z, $(Y \rightarrow Z)(X \rightarrow Y) \rightarrow (X \rightarrow Z)$:ret (t/tv :c)) :g (s/fspec :args (s/cat :a (t/tv :a)) :ret (t/tv :b)))

"Takes functions f and g, returning function applying g then f." :a (t/bind-tv) :b (t/bind-tv) :c (t/bind-tv)) (s/fspec :args (s/cat :f (s/fspec :args (s/cat :b (t/tv :b))

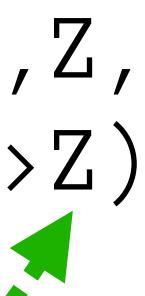
```
(s/def ::comp2
 (t/all :binder (t/binder
         :body
                  :ret (s/fspec :args (s/cat :a (t/tv :a))
                                :ret (t/tv :c))))
```



comp for all specs X,Y,Z, $(Y \rightarrow Z)(X \rightarrow Y) \rightarrow (X \rightarrow Z)$:ret (t/tv :c)) :g (s/fspec :args (s/cat :a (t/tv :a)) :ret (t/tv :b)))

"Takes functions f and g, returning function applying g then f." :a (t/bind-tv) :b (t/bind-tv) :c (t/bind-tv)) (s/fspec :args (s/cat :f (s/fspec :args (s/cat :b (t/tv :b)) :ret (s/fspec :args (s/cat :a (t/tv :a))

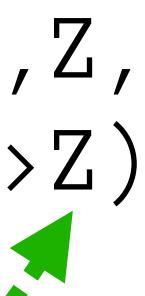
```
(s/def ::comp2
 (t/all :binder (t/binder
         :body
                                :ret (t/tv :c))))
```



comp for all specs X,Y,Z, $(Y \rightarrow Z)(X \rightarrow Y) \rightarrow (X \rightarrow Z)$:g (s/fspec :args (s/cat :a (t/tv :a)) :ret (t/tv :b))) :ret (t/tv :c))))

"Takes functions f and g, returning function applying g then f." :a (t/bind-tv) :b (t/bind-tv) :c (t/bind-tv)) :ret (s/fspec :args (s/cat :a (t/tv :a))

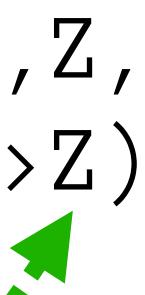
```
(s/def ::comp2
  (t/all :binder (t/binder
         :body
```



comp for all specs X,Y,Z, $(Y \rightarrow Z)(X \rightarrow Y) \rightarrow (X \rightarrow Z)$:g (s/fspec :args (s/cat :a (t/tv :a)) :ret (t/tv :b))) :ret (t/tv :c))))

"Takes functions f and g, returning function applying g then f." :a (t/bind-tv) :b (t/bind-tv) :c (t/bind-tv)) :ret (s/fspec :args (s/cat a (t/tv :a))

```
(s/def ::comp2
  (t/all :binder (t/binder
         :body
```



(tu/is-invalid ::comp-fspec-fn-gensym (fn [f g] #(g (f %)))

(tu/is-valid ::comp-fspec-fn-gensym (fn [f g] #(f(g%))))

(tu/is-invalid ::comp-fspec-fn-gensym (fn [f g] #(g (f %)))





(tu/is-invalid ::comp-fspec-fn-gensym (fn [f g] #(g (f %)))

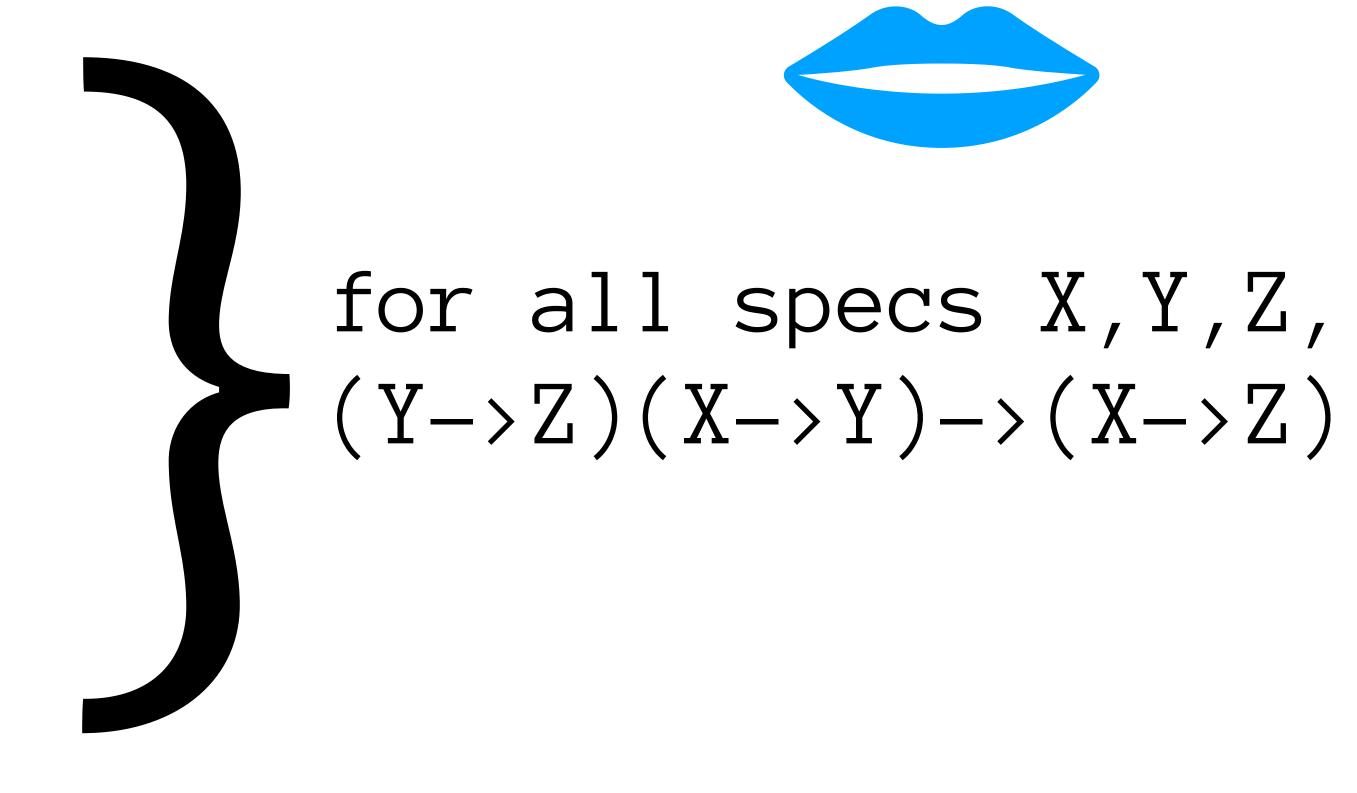


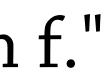




(Any->Any)(Any->Any)-> $(Any \rightarrow Any)$ (Bool->Str)(Int->Bool)->

(Int->Str)





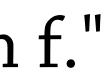


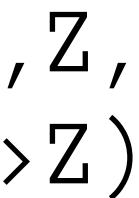
(Any->Any)(Any->Any)-> (Any->Any) (Bool->Str)(Int->Bool)->

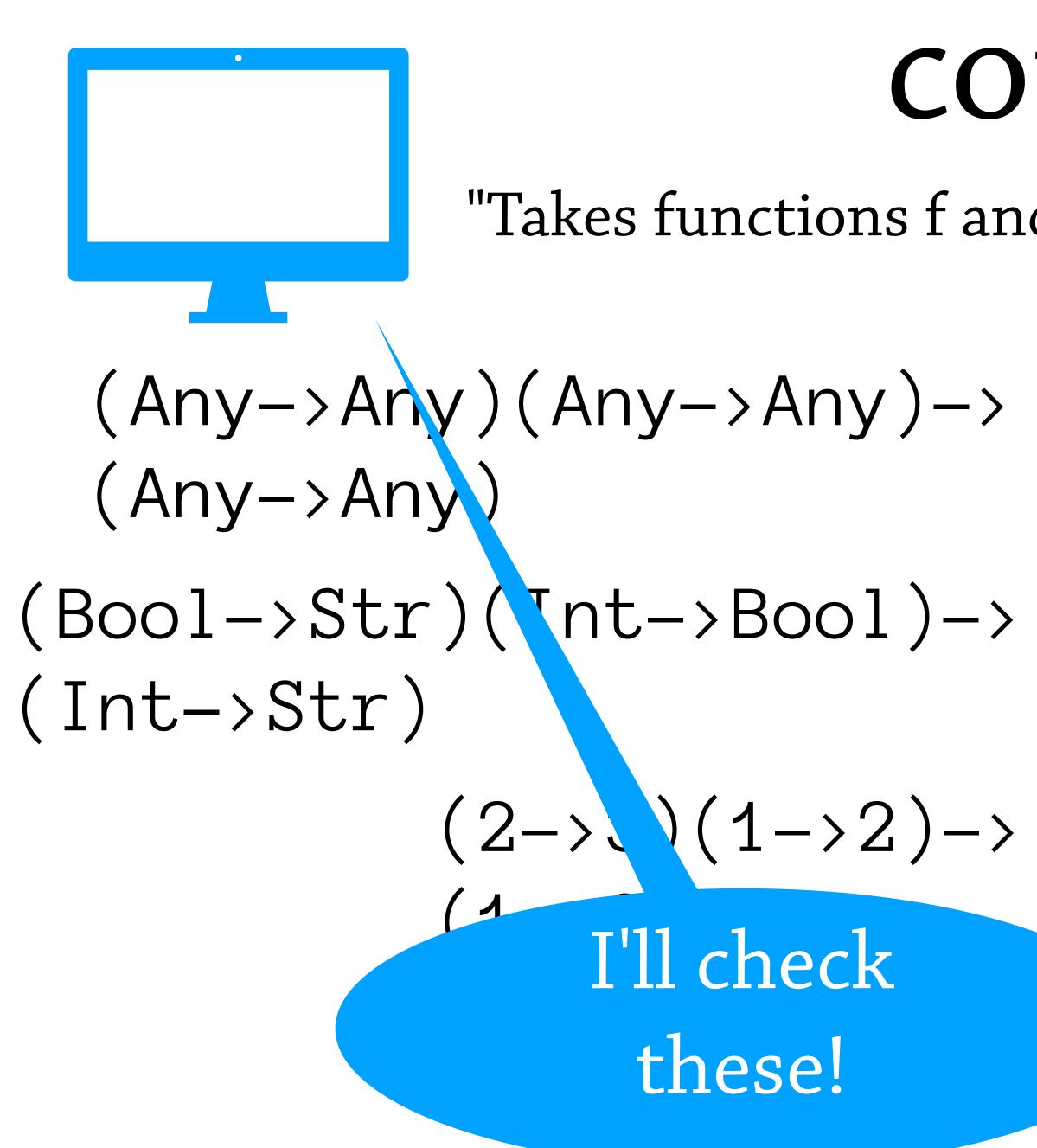
(Int->Str)

 $(2 \rightarrow 3)(1 \rightarrow 2) \rightarrow$ (1 -> 3)

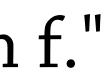
for all specs X,Y,Z, (Y->Z)(X->Y)->(X->Z) I'll write this!

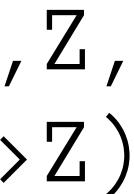






for all specs X,Y,Z, (Y->Z)(X->Y)->(X->Z) I'll write this!



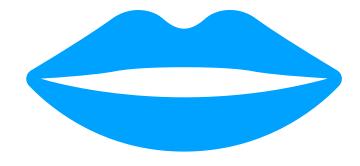


Leveling-Up Function Specs

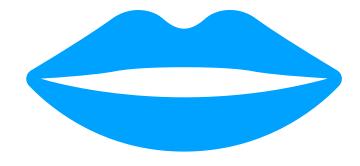


Specs for specs Leveling-Up Function Specs









Now with Specs for Specs, I can help you find more mistakes!!

Specs for specs help me better explain my program!! Now with Specs for Specs, I can help you find more mistakes!!

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https://github.com/typedclojure/typedclojure/blob/main/typed/clj.spec/README.md https://tinyurl.com/typed-clj-spec

> Specs for specs help me better explain my program!!

Now with Specs for Specs, I can help you find more mistakes!!